

Sedalia Evening Democrat

NEW SERIES.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI, FRIDAY OCTOBER 21, 1892.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

COLUMBUS DAY.

IT IS OBSERVED BY THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Extensive Ceremonies in All Rooms. Splendid Programme To-Night—Prof. Smith's Lecture.

To-day is the anniversary of the time when Columbus first saw the shores of America. While this is a misty October day, filled with rain and clouds, yet a fairer vision never met the eye of man than that which greeted the great sailor as his ship touched the strand of the South sea.

In all the schools to-day the students gave exercises that commemorated the great event. The teachers told the story of the discovery and the children filled the programme with songs and recitations.

To-night at the Christian church the pupils of the high school have arranged for an evening of commemoration that promises to be long remembered in Sedalia. The programme is as follows:

Prayer, Rev. J. S. Myers. Musical numbers in chorus, the "Lord's Prayer," and "Star Spangled Banner."

Chorus from Judas Maccabeus, "Lead On and Hail Judea," "Laus Columbo," and lastly "America" by the audience.

A brilliant lecture on "Columbus" will then be given by Superintendent A. J. Smith, followed by a rendition of Edna Procter's famous poem, "Columbus."

ROYAL ENTERTAINERS.

The Banquet Tendered by Manager Macoy to the Press of Sedalia.

There was an afterpiece not down on the bills to the performance of the "Turkish Bath" last night. When the show had ended, the lights out and the tinsel dimmed, the company sat down to a splendid supper at Hotel Kasser together with the newspaper men of Sedalia. Manager Macoy wrote to "the gang" several weeks ago saying that it would be the pleasantest moment in his life to unfold his napkin with the newspaper men of Sedalia.

The tables were arranged in the shape of a large horse shoe and some unfortunate was foolish enough to make a pun about Nancy Hanks and the races. Manager Macoy sat in the center with his guests so arranged that he could see that they never became dry or hungry.

Was there anything to eat? Well, if you have ever been to Kaiser's and know what the "old man" can do when he tries himself you would fade away in silence. The menu was choice and was served in a style that makes people happy.

Miss Heath is a witty little speech maker, no bigger than a feather, and made a sincere and appreciated talk to the guests. She thanked the newspaper men of Sedalia for their kindness and ended by wishing them all millionaires.

The guests present were: M. L. Jacobs, Dr. H. W. Wood, J. L. Thornton, Dr. W. N. Graham, Joe Mason, C. H. Streit, T. T. Clifford and Joe Simpson.

The company left for East St. Louis at 12:40. They play in St. Louis at Haveln's next week.

INDIGNANT NEGROES.

They Were Slighted and Insulted at Marshall and Will Bolt.

Many negroes who attended the republican rally here yesterday were not pleased with the treatment they received at the hands of their white republican brethren, says a Marshall telegram to the *Republic*, and many openly declare that they will not now support the state ticket.

In the first place the negroes were not allowed to march in line with the white republicans from the C. & A. depot to the city. The white

A RAILROAD MAN IN TROUBLE.

The Merchant He Deals With in Fire, Smoke and Water.

The cause of this trouble arose from the fact that the railroad man paid rent from month to month—spent his money and got no benefit. The merchant let the insurance run out and had a fire. These gentlemen could have averted their troubles by going to

Woodfin and Thatcher, Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.

314 OHIO ST. SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

clubs, preceded by Major Warner and the reception committee, came in on one street and the colored troops on another. On reaching the square the white infantry entered the court yard through the east gate and the negro forces through the west gate.

In the second place, the white visitors were provided with lunches and the negroes had to hustle for something to eat, and, as a consequence, about two-thirds of them went home without their dinners. They came here expecting to be fed and were disappointed. On the occasion of the democratic rally on September 15, 10,000 visitors were provided with bounteous dinners, colored visitors included, and there was some left over. Yesterday there were not 2,000 in attendance, and half of them obtained little or nothing to eat. The majority of the republicans in this county are negroes, and such treatment as they received yesterday will not be forgotten very soon by them.

CITY GARBAGE.

Sedalia Has a Great Deal of Trouble in Disposing of It.

For years it has been a difficult question to determine in what way the garbage and night soil of the city shall be destroyed. Five scavenger wagons are now taxed to their utmost capacity in carrying off the refuse of the city. Dumping places are becoming scarce and it is almost an impossibility to secure a desirable place. Property holders near the limits of the city have time and again objected to the dumping of the disease breeding matter in places that make it a nuisance to them, until it has become a serious question of what should be done with it.

The question has been most properly taken up by Mayor Stevens for the purpose of devising means of destroying it.

A city of Sedalia's importance and magnitude should be ashamed to know that it is not taking care of itself. Of all things that tend to produce terrible fevers and epidemics, there is nothing so liable to bring it about as putrifying and decaying offals.

Mayor Stevens in his visits to other cities has ever kept this one important thing in view and he is now working to solve the question in a satisfactory way.

□The people should at once appreciate the need of a satisfactory disposal of the city's refuse and should not hesitate to lend all possible assistance.

HO! FOR NANCY HANKS.

A Complete Time Table for Thursday, October 27th, the Great Racing Day.

Superintendent H. G. Clark has issued the following time-table for the special trains over the Missouri Pacific for Thursday, the day when the great Nancy Hanks will trot:

Leave Jefferson City	8:00 a. m.
" Cole	8:10 "
" Scott	8:18 "
" Elston	8:25 "
" Centerville	8:30 "
" McGirk's	8:44 "
" Brant	8:50 "
" Springfield	9:00 "
" Monticello	9:15 "
" Tipton	9:20 "
" Syracuse	9:30 "
" Ottaville	9:40 "
" Smithton	10:05 "
Arrive Sedalia	10:20 "
Returning leave Sedalia at midnight.	

Special trains:
Leave Myrick.....7:00 a. m.
" Springfield.....7:25 "

" Dover	7:35 "
" Edwards	7:55 "
" Waverly	8:07 "
" Grand Pass	8:19 "
" Malta Bend	8:31 "
" Stanhope	8:46 "
" Marshall Jet	9:00 "
Arrive Marshall	9:10 "
Leave Marshall	9:15 "
" Marshall Jet	9:25 "
" Napoleon	9:32 "
" Nelson	9:52 "
" Blackwater	9:58 "
" Linn	10:04 "
" Booneville	10:25 "
" Billingsville	10:50 "
" Petersburg	11:05 "
" Buncheon	11:13 "
" Vermonte	11:20 "
" Hirst	11:30 "
" Tipton	11:45 "
" Syracuse	11:50 "
" Ottaville	12:05 p. m.
" Smithton	12:17 "
Arrive Sedalia	12:35 "
Returning leave Sedalia 6:30 p. m.	

Special train, Oct. 27th:
Leave Warsaw.....6:00 a. m.

" Follers	6:12 "
" Lincoln	6:20 "
" Melton	6:43 "
" Cole Camp	6:58 "
" Mora	7:13 "
" Dunville	7:33 "
" Spring Rock	7:40 "
" Brown Springs	7:44 "
Arrive Sedalia	8:00 "
Returning special leaves Sedalia 6 o'clock p. m.	

H. G. CLARK.

Thursday Night's Fire.

The fire Thursday night on West Pacific street was only a small one when compared with the ones that are made with wood and coal gotten of the Stanley Coal Co.

They have all kinds of soft and hard coal and respond promptly to all orders left at the yard at 525 East Second street or telephoned to No. 26.

Old papers for sale at this office only 10 cents per hundred.

A PROFITABLE FAIR.

The Catholic Ladies to Be Congratulated Upon the Success of Their Entertainment.

Last night was the closing one of a very successful fair given by the Catholic ladies of the Sacred Heart church.

Throughout the three evenings in which the fair has been held every one who attended has felt well repaid by the kindness and attention of the ladies, the well served suppers and the delightful music. The young ladies of the church were never more charming in their efforts to please and together with the older ladies made the entertainment one long to be remembered.

The voting contest resulted in a tie, Warner getting 88½ votes and Stone the same. It was decided to give the cane to the next governor.

Picture and easel, donated by Chas. Dexter, won by Mr. Drums; lady's hat, donated by Mrs. Mayer, won by Louis Hoffman; handkerchief case, donated by Mrs. Waddell, won by Mrs. Mont Carnes; rocking chair, donated by McLaughlin Bros., won by Miss May Wallace; chenille table cover, donated by the Sedalia Carpet Company, won by John McGinley; lady's dress suit, donated by Guenther Bros., won by Miss Lulu Hoffman; stand lamp, donated by D. I. Holcomb, won by Mrs. E. E. Sellers; table linen, donated by Chas. Messerly, won by Mrs. Peter Rast; pants pattern, donated by John Cunningham, won by S. S. Samuelson; table scarf, donated by sisters of Sacred Heart, won by Louis Hoffman; boy's suit, donated by St. Louis Clothing Co., won by J. S. Hopkins; valise, donated by Charles Rockwell, won by P. G. McGinley; gentleman's fine shirt, donated by Jacobs Bros., won by Neil O'Gara; heating stove, donated by Ilgenfritz Bros., won by Mr. Deckman; doll, donated by Mrs. Collier, won by Miss Waddell; souvenir perfume, donated by Wm. Bard, won by Rena Little; picture, donated by Mr. Eastey, won by J. T. Payne; ornamental candy church, donated by Mr. Ambruster, won by Mrs. Ed. Hurley; lady's embroidered skirt, donated by Mrs. Rast, won by Miss Blaise.

POSTAL CLERK INJURED.

A Wreck on the "Katy" Near Chetopa—Several Sedalia Boys Are In It.

About noon yesterday M., K. & T. passenger train No. 4, north-bound, and due at Sedalia at 5:50, jumped the track near Chetopa, and nine cars were derailed. The accident was caused by a broken switch.

The postal clerks were the only ones injured. Pete Farwater received a sprain in the arm, Postal Clerk Baird had his shoulder blades injured and Postal Clerk Piersol received a general shaking up.

The wreck occurred near an embankment and several of the cars after running over the ties quite a distance, went down. Had it not been that the engineer saw the broken rail and slowed up, a most serious wreck might have occurred. The boys arrived this morning and were met by their wives and sweethearts who heard that they were badly injured.

DAMAGE SUITS INSTITUTED.

Nevada People Who Have Been Injured by Cars Want Damages.

NEVADA, Mo., Oct. 21.—Last July Mrs. Carrie Helke, in attempting to save her little boy from being crushed by a switch engine in the Nevada yards, was struck by the engine and fell under the wheels. She was frightfully mangled but recovered and yesterday she instituted suit for \$35,000 damages against the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway company.

Mrs. Susan Duran began suit for \$10,000 against the Missouri Pacific railway for injuries sustained in the wreck of a passenger train near Ovid during September. Her husband also began suit against the same company for \$2,000 on the ground of expense.

A Good Bargain.

A seven room house situated on the electric railway and on a corner lot can be gotten cheap if sold at once. Address or see "L" this office.

Ladies' Massage and HOME treatment. Mrs. George, 223 East Fourth street.

Dr. T. H. Wilson has secured the services of Dr. W. H. Boult, as operator. All work guaranteed.

AMUSEMENTS.

WOOD'S OPERA HOUSE.

WEDNESDAY, October 26. First Appearance of the Laugh Makers HENSHAW & TEN BROECK. In their New Musical Comedy,

THE NABOBS.

Gus. Williams, Friday & Saturday Oct 28-29

Important to Voters.

Secretary of State Lesueur is doing his utmost to render the new election law a success and to enable the public to comprehend its provisions fully. "There will be a great big sheet," says the secretary, "containing four tickets—democratic, republican, people's and prohibition. You can't vote on all these groups. You must cross out all the names on all the tickets except one. If there is anybody on the ticket remaining whom you don't want to vote for scratch his name off and underneath it write the name of the person you do want to vote for. You will have to do all your voting under one of the headings—democratic, republican, people's or prohibition. If you try to leave a name on the people's ticket and another on the republican and another on the prohibition or democratic ticket you will find all rejected. Tell the people all voting must be done in one group. It is curious what misapprehensions exist in regard to this important matter."

"How about the illiterate, the blind, the crippled, etc?" "The illiterate will have to call on the judges for assistance; likewise those physically disabled. By the way, old persons should not forget their glasses that day, for the

THURSDAY, OCTOBER, 27.

W. A. Mahara's Original McCABE & YOUNG Colored MINSTRELS.

Twenty-five Colored Gentlemen Twenty-five.

decided to have extra ones from time to time.

To-morrow he will offer his meats at the following prices:

Choice roasts, from 4 to 7 cents per pound; steak from 5 to 10 cents; boiling meat, 3½ cents; lard, three pounds for 25 cents, and all other meats in proportion. Tel. 120.

L. BAHNER.

The Lamp Exploded.

The fire department was called last night to the house of Julia Adams, colored, who lives at No. 242 West Pacific street. A lamp which had been left burning while the family was away exploded and came near burning the house. The flames were easily extinguished.

Disturbed the Peace.

Eugene Fitzwater raised a small war in his neighborhood and was up in the police court this morning. Geny has his trial postponed until to-morrow at which time he will try to convince the court that "he's all right." He was released on bond.

The Holiday Observed.

The banks and the court house are closed to-day in observance of the Columbus anniversary.

"Superior"

Stoves are the best. See them at HOFFMAN BROS.

BUY THE BEST

School Shoes School Shoes

—AT—
Wm. Courtney's.

voting apartments will not be well lighted and the ticket will be long. The judges and clerks would be doing a patriotic service by keeping an extra pair or two of glasses for the use of the careless; but the fellow who is almost sure to lose his vote is the one who gets drunk before voting. He is certain to get things wrong and find his vote thrown out.

The Show Last Night.

The "Turkish Bath" with the bright little lady, Marie Heath, as the bright particular star, appeared for the second time in Sedalia last night. Miss Heath has lost none of her childish naivete and won the heart of her audience by the simplicity and delicate acting of her charming self. The "Turkish Bath" is a pleasing performance, but Manager McCoy can well afford when it grows old, to give his star something better. All the company deserve special mention, but it suffices to say that when the "Turkish Bath" comes to town, don't fail to go and see it.

A Man of the Times.

What the times demand is a real live enterprising merchant that knows how to please the public, who require genuine bargains to attract and hold their trade. That Louis Bahner is such an one has long since been demonstrated. He has shown that he knows what the people want and has obtained their good will by giving it to them. Owing to the rush that has characterized his "sale" days, he has

BLOODTHIRSTY MINERS.

Strikers in Idaho Say They Will Have Gore if Non-Union Men Do Not Get Out.

A Wallace, Id., dispatch says: Last night three armed men went into one of the tunnels of the Gem mines and posted the following notice:

"Look, scabs!" "One more warning—the last one. Before this month is over 1,500 pounds of giant powder will be exploded, and all in this mine will be sent to hell. It is in the mine ready for action, fuse attached. If we cannot work the mines, no one else shall."

BLOODY JACK.

The men were seen by a carman who was coming out of the mine with a car of ore. When he caught sight of the armed men he ran back into the tunnel and reported the matter to the shift boss. When they came back to the mouth of the tunnel the men were gone and the above notice was found. The carman was unable to identify the men.

Ripans Tabules cure hives.

Patronize the liquor house at 112 Osage street, Frank Krueger.

Rev. Dr. Anna Shaw

AT THE First M. E. Church

Friday Eve., Oct 21,

Subject:—"Fate of Republics."

For Your Valises & Traveling Bags

GO TO
Rockwell--The Hatter,

219 OHIO STREET.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Paid up Capital, - - - \$250,000. Surplus, - - - \$20,000. SEDALIA, MO.

CYRUS NEWKIRK, Pres't. J. C. THOMPSON, Cashier. F. H. GUENTHER, Asst. Cashier. J. E. BARRETT, F. H. GUENTHER, J. C. THOMPSON, H. W. WOOD, E. G. CASSIDY, DIRECTORS.

TRANSACTS a general banking business. Accounts of banks, bankers, merchants and individuals solicited. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to them.

Banking House Corner Second and Ohio Sts.

Auction Sale!

All the Real Estate belonging to the Home Building and Loan Association will be sold at Public Auction without reserve at the Court House door on

MONDAY, October 24, at 2 p. m.

Full particulars as to terms, lists of property etc., will be furnished by the

Porter Real Estate Co.

404 Ohio Street.

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF FURNITURE!

COLLINS & FARNHAM'S

Is to be Closed Out, CHEAP FOR CASH!

WE have a full stock of Furniture all first-class, and it goes for no reason other than the want of money. This is an Opportunity of a Lifetime! Don't Miss It! We mean business, for in the future we intend to make the Undertaking Department Our Specialty! Don't miss the place, 116 and 118 W. Second st. Ramsey's old stand. Telephone 123.

COLLINS & FARNHAM.

Nancy Hanks Special Sale

This week in Baby Carriages and Dinner, and Chamber Sets.

WILL trot here Oct. 27 to beat her record of 2:04.

PHOTOGRAPH for sale of Nancy Hanks and Martha Wilkes at

F. H. EASTEY, 317 Ohio St.

208 OHIO STREET, SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

--WE HAVE--

EMPIRE Steam Laundry.

116 EAST SECOND ST.

Plain Gold, Ingrain, Roman Arabesques and all the newest designs at the

LOWEST PRICES

Work done promptly. We challenge comparison. We repair all work.

S. ZIMMERMAN & SON.

T. W. BAST, ARCHITECT

and Superintendent of Buildings. Plans and specifications prepared on short notice.

Office 34 and 35, Huegenfritz Block.

MAJOR & HUGHES, Boarding and Livery Stable.

A Gilman's old stand COR. THIRD and OSAGE

JAMES GLASS, LIQUORS!

SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

Charles Kobrock, Faust Restaurant and Oyster House.

Special Brand of Imperial Beer.

114 Osage St., Sedalia, Mo.

FINEST--

Old Taylor Whiskey

---In the City

AT--BOUTELLE'S.

RAILROAD TIME CARDS.

MISSOURI RAILROAD CO. TO ST. LOUIS.
SOUTHBOUND. MAIN LINE. Leave.
No. 1, Texas Express, 3:45 p. m. 10:15 p. m.
No. 3, " " 8:55 a. m. 5:15 p. m.
NORTHBOUND. MAIN LINE. Arrive.
No. 2, Texas Express, 8:15 a. m. 10:15 a. m.
No. 4, Chicago Exp., 3:50 p. m. 10:10 p. m.

Sedalia, Warsaw and Sedalia.
NORTH BOUND. Arrive.
No. 100, Accommodation, 3:00 p. m.
SOUTH BOUND. Arrive.
No. 101, Accommodation, 8:45 a. m.

Missouri Pacific R.R.

MAIN LINE. WESTBOUND. Arrive.
No. 1, Day Express, 3:45 p. m. 10:15 p. m.
No. 3, Night Express, 3:45 p. m. 10:15 p. m.
No. 5, Local Pass, 3:45 p. m. 10:15 p. m.
No. 7, Fast Mail, 7:55 a. m. 5:15 p. m.
No. 9, Texas Express, 8:15 a. m. 10:15 a. m.
No. 11, does not carry passengers.

MAIN LINE. EASTBOUND. Leave.
No. 2, Day Express, 12:15 p. m. 12:40 p. m.
No. 4, Night Express, 11:55 p. m. 12:30 a. m.
No. 6, Local Pass, 12:15 p. m. 12:40 p. m.
No. 8, Night Express, 12:40 a. m. 12:45 a. m.

Leavenworth Branch.

WESTBOUND. Arrive.
No. 101, Colorado Exp., 3:45 p. m.
No. 102, Local Pass, 3:45 p. m.
No. 103, Local Freight, 10:15 a. m.

EASTBOUND. Leave.
No. 104, St. Louis Exp., 10:30 a. m.
No. 105, Local Passenger, 3:30 p. m.
No. 106, Local Freight, 3:00 p. m.

Eckhoff & Collier,

---Dealers in---
FANCY AND STAPLE
GROCERIES!

Provisions, Glassware,
Queenware, Flour, Feed
and Country Produce.
108 East Main St.

W. S. EPPERSON,
Architect and Superintendent.

Office, 2nd floor Equitable Bldg.
Architect for all the best buildings in
Mo. & Ky.

Gentry & O'Brien,
Fine Liveries.

Carriages with extension of seat.
West Fourth Street, Sedalia, Mo.

SEDALIA
Building & Loan
Ass'n. of Sedalia, Mo.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$1,000,000.

DIRECTORS:
C. G. TAYLOR, President. S. P. JOHNS,
C. RICHARDSON, Secretary. J. B. GALLIN,
F. H. GUNTHER, Treasurer.

This Association pays on monthly sav-
ings of 50 cents and upward, 12 per cent,
compounded annually; on paid up stock \$5
per cent, payable semi-annually. No fee
for dividends. Loans money on real
estate security at 7 1/2 per cent interest.
Stock issued monthly in consequence series
and matures definitely in seven years. Call
on C. RICHARDSON, Sec'y.,
No. 111 Ohio St., Sedalia, Mo.

E. G. CASSIDY,
Distiller's agent and Wholesale
Liquor Dealer, Sole Agent Wm.
J. Lem's Western Brewing Beer
Depot West Main Street, Tele-
phone 114.

117 EAST MAIN STREET,
SEDALIA, MO.

W. W. ZIMMERMAN. JOHN WADSWELL.
Mo. Central Lumber Co.

Cheap Building Material of all kinds.
Office and Yard, North of Union depot,
on Kentucky st., Sedalia, Mo.

A. LEIST, 109 W. Main. Call and see our
filling in diamonds, solid gold,
filled and silver watches, clocks, rings,
jewelry of all kinds. Musical Instru-
ments, Guns, Pistols and all kinds of cloth-
ing. Money loaned on all articles of value.

R. K. FULKERSON. J. S. CHISWELL.
Fulkerson and Chiswell
Attorneys at Law. Room
A. over Minter Bros. Store.

The Celebrated French Cure.
Warranted "APPROPRIATE" or money
refunded.

Is sold on a
POSITIVE
GUARANTEE
to cure all forms
of skin diseases,
whether of the face
or of the body,
whether arising
from the blood
or from the skin,
or through youthful indiscretion, over indul-
gence, &c., such as Pimples of the Face, Boils,
Warts, Itch, Scabies, Eruptions, Eczema,
Scurf, Ringworm, Herpes, Nervous Prostrat-
ion, Neuritis, Eruptions, Eczema, Dizziness,
Weak Memory, Headache, Stomach and
Intestines, which if not cured, often lead to
premature old age and nervous prostration.
Box, 6 boxes for \$1.00. Sent by mail on receipt
of price.

A. W. WATSON, 109 W. Main. Call and see our
filling in diamonds, solid gold,
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jewelry of all kinds. Musical Instru-
ments, Guns, Pistols and all kinds of cloth-
ing. Money loaned on all articles of value.

R. K. FULKERSON. J. S. CHISWELL.
Fulkerson and Chiswell
Attorneys at Law. Room
A. over Minter Bros. Store.

The Celebrated French Cure.
Warranted "APPROPRIATE" or money
refunded.

Is sold on a
POSITIVE
GUARANTEE
to cure all forms
of skin diseases,
whether of the face
or of the body,
whether arising
from the blood
or from the skin,
or through youthful indiscretion, over indul-
gence, &c., such as Pimples of the Face, Boils,
Warts, Itch, Scabies, Eruptions, Eczema,
Scurf, Ringworm, Herpes, Nervous Prostrat-
ion, Neuritis, Eruptions, Eczema, Dizziness,
Weak Memory, Headache, Stomach and
Intestines, which if not cured, often lead to
premature old age and nervous prostration.
Box, 6 boxes for \$1.00. Sent by mail on receipt
of price.

DEDICATED.

The World's Fair Buildings Are
Handed Over.

THE NATION NOW INTERESTED.

Enormous Gathering of People—The Pro-
cession to the Exposition Grounds
—Director-General Davis
Opens Proceedings.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—This was the great
day of the week, in which the build-
ings of the Columbian world's fair ex-
position were dedicated to the arts and
sciences. As might have been expected,
it caused an immense concentration of
people in the vicinity of Jackson park,
apparently unsatiated with the enor-
mous demonstration of Thursday. The
national salute at sunrise inaugurated

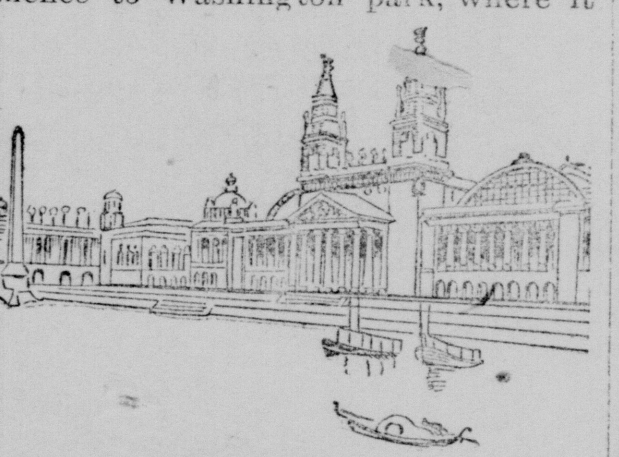


CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS.

the ceremonies. The procession of in-
vited guests was formed near the Au-
ditorium hotel on Michigan avenue and
proceeded southward to Jackson park
in the following order:

1. Joint committee on ceremonies of the world's Columbian commission and the world's Columbian exposition.
2. The director-general of the world's Columbian exposition and the president of the centennial commission of 1876 at Philadelphia, and the director-general thereof.
3. The president of the world's Columbian commission and the president of the world's Columbian exposition.
4. The vice president of the United States, the vice president of the world's Columbian commission and the vice president of the world's Columbian exposition.
5. The secretary of state and the secretary of the treasury.
6. The secretary of war and the attorney-general of the United States.
7. The postmaster-general and the secretary of the navy.
8. The secretary of the interior and the secretary of agriculture.
9. The diplomatic corps.
10. The supreme court of the United States.
11. The speaker of the house of representatives and the majority leader.
12. Ex-President Theodore Roosevelt, Hon. John Sherman, Lyman J. Gage, ex-president of the world's Columbian exposition.
13. Ex-Secretary Thomas P. Bayard and W. T. Baker, ex-president of the world's Columbian exposition.
14. The senate of the United States, headed by the president pro tem.
15. The house of representatives.
16. The army of the United States.
17. The navy of the United States.
18. The governors and their adjutants of the states and territories of the United States.
19. Ex-cabinet officers.
20. The orators and chaplains.
21. Commissioners of foreign governments to the world's Columbian exposition.
22. Consuls from foreign governments.
23. The world's Columbian commissioners, headed by the second, third, fourth and fifth vice presidents thereof.
24. The board of lady managers, headed by the president thereof.
25. One woman representing each one of the thirteen original states.
26. Board of directors of the world's Columbian exposition, headed by the second vice president thereof, and the director of works.
27. Board of management United States government exhibit.
28. The department chiefs.
29. The staff officers of the director of works.
30. The city council of Chicago.

This procession, escorted by United States cavalry and light artillery, pro-
ceeded south on Michigan avenue to
Thirty-fifth street, thence east on
Thirty-fifth street, to Grand boulevard,
thence to Washington park, where it



MACHINERY.

formed in partial lines on the west side
of the parade grounds of the park.
The troops having passed in review
became the escort of honor for the en-
tire procession and continued the march
via Fifty-seventh street to the ex-
position grounds, thence to the manu-
factures and liberal arts building, where
the troops took positions assigned them,
the officials occupying the platform
prepared for them.

When Director-General Davis rose
upon the platform to open the cere-
monies there was spread before him such



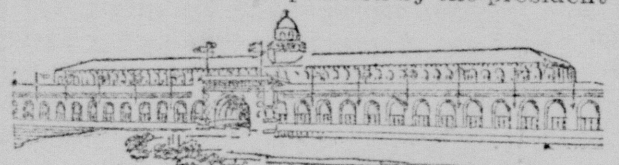
ART.

a vast sea of human faces as has prob-
ably never before been seen under a
single roof. In front of him, massed
before the great bulk of the audience,
15,000 distinguished guests occupied re-
served seats. To his left on a special
stand 5,500 singers were seated and a
large orchestra helped to make the
arches ring again, while behind the
speaker sat in state many of the great-
est dignitaries of a republic
government can boast.

At 12 o'clock the following pro-
gramme of exercises took place under
the director-general as master of cere-
monies:

1. "Columbian March," composed by Prof.
John K. Paine, of Cambridge.

1. Prayer by Bishop Charles H. Fowler, D. D.,
L. D., of California.
2. Introductory address by the director-gen-
eral.
3. Address of welcome and tender of the free-
dom of the city of Chicago by Hempstead
Washington, mayor.
4. Selected recitation from the dedicatory
ode, written by Miss Harriet Monroe, of Chi-
cago; music by G. W. Chadwick, of Boston;
reading by Mrs. Sarah C. Le Moyne.
5. Presentation by the director of works of the
master artists of the exposition of the
world's Columbian exposition and award to
them of special commemorative medals.
6. Hymn—"The Heavens Are Telling."
7. Address—"Work of the Board of Lady
Managers"—Mrs. Potter Palmer, president.
8. Tender of the buildings on behalf of the
world's Columbian exposition by the president



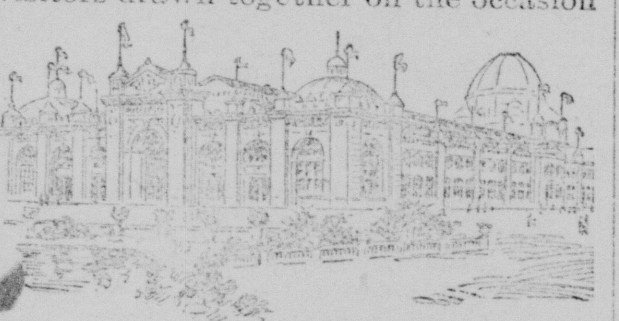
METROPOLITAN.

9. Presentation of the buildings by the pres-
ident of the world's Columbian commission to
the president of the United States for dedica-
tion.
10. Dedication of the buildings.
11. "Hallelujah Chorus" from the "Messiah."
—Handel.
12. Dedicatory oration—"Hymn-Washington,
of Kentucky.
13. "Star Spangled Banner"—and "Hail Colum-
bia," with full chorus and orchestral accom-
paniment.
14. Columbian oration—Chauncey M. Depew,
of New York.
15. Prayer by his Eminence, Cardinal James
Gibbons, archbishop of Baltimore.
16. Chorus—"In Praise of God"—Beethoven.
17. Benediction by the Rev. H. C. McCook, of
Philadelphia.
18. National salute.

At the close of the programme on the
grounds the audience dispersed to wit-
ness the display of fireworks in the
parks and those who had tickets to the
Auditorium to listen to Archbishop
Heald and other speakers who were
to inaugurate the work of the world's
congress auxiliary.

THE MAYOR'S WELCOME.

The Freedom of Chicago tendered by
Mayor Hempstead Washington.
Washington was cordially greeted as he
arose to offer the freedom of the city to
visitors drawn together on the occasion



MIXING.

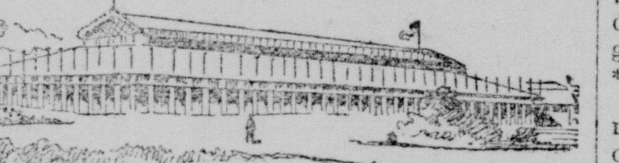
of the world's fair dedication. This
was done in well chosen words as fol-
lows:
Mr. President, Representatives of Foreign
Governments, Ladies and Gentlemen:
The day is dedicated by the American people
to one whose name is indissolubly linked with
that of our continent. This day shall add new
glories to him whose prophetic vision beheld in
the stars which guided his audacious voyage a
new world and a new hope for the peoples of the
earth.

Two centuries passing in review have
witnessed the settlement of a newly discovered
continent, the founding of many nations and
the establishment in this country of more than
sixty millions of people whose wonderful ma-
jority of the population of the world. Political
institutions and glorious history have excited the
interest and compelled the admiration of the
civilized world.

Two centuries have evolved the liberty-lov-
ing American people who are gathered here to-
day. We have with us the pioneer bearing in
his person the freedom of his western home—
the aging veteran, whom all nations honor,
without whose valor, government, liberty and
patriotism would be but idle words. We have
the founder of our cities, the founders of states,
dwellers in the forests, tillers of the soil, the
mechanic and the artisan, and noble women,
daughters of the republic, not less in patriotism
and deserved esteem than those who seem to
have been gathered here to build up a state.

There are gathered here our noblest and
stateliest senate, our grave and learned judges,
our congress and our states that all mankind
may know this is a nation's holiday and a peo-
ple's tribute to him whose dauntless courage and
unwavering faith impelled him to traverse un-
der the burning faith of his vision, the vast and
deserted waste of waters, and whose first prayer
upon a waiting continent
knew no creed, no faith, no nation—that en-
slaved his subjects to peace, progress and
humanity for nineteen hundred years—the holy
banner of the cross.

Those foreign nations which have contributed
so much to our growth will here learn wherein
our strength lies—that it is not in standing
armies—not in hereditary titles—not even in
our fertile valleys—not in our commerce or our
wealth—but that we have built and are build-
ing upon the everlasting rock of individual
character and intelligence, seeking to secure
an education for every man, woman and child
over whom floats the stars and stripes, that



FORESTRY.

embellish which signifies our government and
our people.

That flag guards to-day 21,500,000 school chil-
dren of a country not yet four centuries old and
who outnumber nearly four times the popula-
tion of Spain in 1492.

This is our hope in the future—the anchor of
the republic—and a rainbow of promise for the
centuries yet to come.

As a mark of public gratitude it was decided
to carry down into history through this cele-
bration the appreciation of this people for him
before whose name we all bow to-day, and who
has given us the stars and stripes, the colors
of our people—you into whose keeping we en-
trust our property and our rights—you whose
every act becomes a link in that long chain of
history which we all wear without a break
and whose every link signifies a struggle and
victory for man—you who represent that last
and most perfect experiment of human govern-
ment have by your official acts honored this
young city with your choice as the most fitting
place to mark this country's dawn.

She accepts the sacred trust with rivalry to-
wards none and fellowship for all. She stands
ready to fulfill the pledges she has made. She
needs no orator to speak her merits, no poet to
sing her glories. She typifies the civiliza-
tion of this continent and the civilization
of the world. She is a link in the chain of
human progress, a link which no crumbling
ruins, the gray-haired sire who saw her birth
to-day holds on his frail prattling grandchild to
the memory of the past, the memory of the
future, the memory of the stars and stripes, the
memory of the stars and stripes, the memory of
the stars and stripes.

people support her honor, enterprise and thrift.
Her annual commerce of one billion and a half
tells the eloquent story of her material pros-
perity. Her liberality to all nations and her
creeds is boundless, broad as humanity and
high as the dome of heaven. Rule Britannia,
every folk song of the older world has drifted
over the Atlantic's stormy waves, and as each
echo, growing fainter with advancing leagues,
has reached this spot it has been merged into
the grand chorus, "My Country 'tis of
Thee, Sweet Land of Liberty, of Thee I Sing."

This, sirs, is the American city of your cele-
bration. Her gates are open, her people at your service.
To you and to those you represent we offer greet-
ings of hospitality and love.

To old world whose representatives grace
this occasion, whose government are in full
accord with this enterprise so full of meaning
to them and to us, to that old world whose chil-
dren braved untried seas and treacherous
storms to found a new state in an unknown
land, we give greetings as children greet a
parent in some new home.

We are proud of its ancestry for it is our own.
We glory in its history for it was our ancestral
deeds which inscribed its rolls of honor, and it
to-day these distinguished men, and other dis-
tinguished lands behold any spirit, of any an-
tecedent which excites their praise, it is but the
outcropping of the Roman courage on a new
continent, in a later age.

Welcomed to you men of older civilizations to
this young city whose most ancient landmark

WOMAN'S.

was built within the span of a present life. Our
hospitality to you and to those you represent we
offer greetings as children greet a parent in some
new home.

THE COLUMBIAN ORATION.

Chauncey M. Depew's Address at the
World's Fair Dedication.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—When No. 15 on
the order of exercises was reached at
the world's fair dedication to-day
Chauncey M. Depew, of New York, ad-
vanced to the front and delivered the
oration on Columbus, essentially as
follows:

This day belongs not
to America, but to the
world. The results of
the event it commemo-
rates are the heritage of
the peoples of every
race and clime. We
celebrate the emancipa-
tion of man. The prop-
agation was the work of
almost countless cen-
turies, the realization
of the revelation of
one. The work of our
age was to hope; the
cross raised on San Sa-
vador was opportunity.

But for the Columbus would never have
been a place for the play of the human
and the expansion of civil and religious liberty.
The anarchy and chaos which followed the
breaking up of the Roman empire necessarily
produced the feudal system. The people pre-
ferring slavery to annihilation by robber chiefs,
the feudal system was born.

LIBERAL ARTS.
The reign of physical force is one of perpetual
struggle for the mastery. Power which rests
upon the sword neither shares nor limits its
authority. The king destroyed the lords, and
the monarchy succeeded feudalism. Neither of
these conditions of the republic, and the people
they had no part, but to suffer or die.
In this mighty strife of masters for the mas-
tery. But the throne, by its broader view and
greater resources, made possible the construc-
tion of the highways of civilization. Under its
banner races could unite, and petty principal-
ties be merged, law substituted for brute force,
and right for might. It founded and endowed
universities, and encouraged commerce. It
conquered no political privileges, but uncon-
quered it prepared its subjects to demand them.

Absolutism in the state, and bigoted intol-
erance in the church, shackled popular unrest,
and imprisoned thought and enterprise in the
intellectual center. The divine right of kings
stamped out the faintest glimmer of freedom
against tyranny; and the problems of science,
whether of the skies or of the earth, whether of
astronomy or geography, were solved or sub-
verted by ecclesiastical decrees. The dungeon
was ready for the philosopher who sought the
truths of the solar system, or the navigator
who would prove the sphericity of the earth.
An English Galileo, or a French Gambetta,
or a German Bismarck, or an Italian Garibaldi,

for the union and its perpetuity, have rather
intensified than diminished their love for the
land of the shamrock, and their sympathy with
the aspirations of their brethren at home. The
Italian, the Spaniard, and the Frenchman, the
Norwegian, the Swede, and the Welsh, are
none the less loyal and devoted Americans, be-
cause in this congress of their kin, the tendrils
of their hearts are closer to the hills and
valleys, the legends and the loves associated
with their youth.

The grandeur and beauty of this spectacle
are the eloquent witnesses of peace and pro-
gress. The United States welcome the sister
republics of the southern and northern con-
tinent, and the nations and peoples of Europe
and Asia, of Africa and Australia, with the
products of their lands, of their skill and of
their industry to this city of yesterday, yet
clad with royal splendor as the queen of the
great lakes. The artists and architects of all
countries have been bidden to design and
erect the buildings which shall fitly
illustrate the height of our civiliza-
tion and the breadth of our hospi-
tality. The peace of the world protects
their efforts in utilizing their powers for
man's temporal welfare. The result is this
park of palaces. The originality and boldness
of their conceptions and the magnitudes and
harmony of their creations are the contribu-
tions of America to the oldest of the arts and
the cordial bidding of America to the peoples
of the earth to come and bring the fruits of
their labor to the boundless opportunities of this
unparalleled exhibition.

If interest in the affairs of this world are
vouchsafed to those who have gone before, the
spirit of Columbus hovers over us to-day. Only
by celestial intelligence can we grasp the full
significance of this spectacle and ceremonial.
All hail! Columbus, discoverer, dreamer,
hero and apostle. We here, of every race and
color, recognize the horizon which bounded
his vision and the infinite scope of his contribu-
tions of America to the oldest of the arts and
the cordial bidding of America to the peoples
of the earth to come and bring the fruits of
their labor to the boundless opportunities of this
unparalleled exhibition.

FISHERIES.
The earth to come and bring the fruits of
their labor to the boundless opportunities of this
unparalleled exhibition.

In honor of the Supreme Court.
CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—The Chicago Bar
association gave an informal reception
in honor of the justices of the supreme
court. The entire supreme bench had
signified its intention of being present,
so the guests of honor were
Chief Justice Fuller and Associates
Brown, Blatchford, Brewer, Shiras,
Harlan, Lamar, Gray and Field.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—To the select few
of the world, the world's fair dedicatory
exercises opened Wednesday night when
the grand reception was held in the
Auditorium, but to the great masses the
ceremonies were inaugurated yester-
day, when thousands on thousands of
men representing every civilized nation
which had contributed to the grandeur
of the United States paraded the streets
before hundreds of thousands of peo-
ple gathered from north and south,
from east and west, from city and farm.
The inaugural day was the people's
day. The official opening of the ded-
icatory fete was marked by a civic pa-
rade. A major-general of the United
States army was the grand marshal of
the demonstration and the few military
in line were merely accessories.

The early incoming trains brought
thousands from near by and far distant

CHICAGO PARADE.

Thousands of Men March in Di-
visions.

DISCUSSION OF THE PROCESSION.

All Countries on the Globe Represented
and Doing Honor to the Great Col-
umbus—Characteristic Floats
and Scenes.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—To the select few
of the world, the world's fair dedicatory
exercises opened Wednesday night when
the grand reception was held in the
Auditorium, but to the great masses the
ceremon

\$50,000. \$50,000.

People's Bank

191 Ohio St. Paid Up Cap'l \$50,000
Surplus 2,500
SEDALIA. Undivided Profits 1,000

The only bank in Sedalia with a Savings Department. Interest paid on all savings deposits.

Transacts a general banking business. Your account solicited.

Bank open Saturdays and Railroad pay-day evenings from 6:30 to 8 p. m.

W. L. PORTER, J. C. VAN RIPER,
President. Cashier.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

President—GROVER CLEVELAND.
Vice-President—A. E. STEVENSON.
Governor—W. J. STONE.
Lieutenant Governor—J. B. O'MEARA.
Auditor—J. M. SEIBERT.
Treasurer—LON V. STEPHENS.
Attorney General—R. F. WALKER.
Railroad Commissioner—JAMES COWGILL.Judges of the Supreme Court—THOS. A. SHERWOOD, GEO. B. MACFARLANE, GAVON D. BURGESS.
Congressman—JOHN T. HEARD.
Circuit Judge—RICHARD FIELD.
Criminal Judge—JOHN E. RYLAND.
State Senator—CHARLES E. YEATER.
Representative—R. W. PRIGMORE.
Judge Eastern District—K. E. FERGUSON.
Judge Western District—H. CONWAY.
Sheriff—JAMES S. HOPKINS.
Collector—MICHAEL DOHERTY.
Treasurer—JOSEPH S. HUGHES.
County Attorney—W. D. STEELE.
Coroner—EMIL MUEHL.
Surveyor—O. O. STANLEY.
Assessor—J. M. LOGAN.
Administrator—J. R. CLOFTON.
Constable—W. D. WALLACE.

WEATHER REPORT

For the 24 Hours Ending 3 O'Clock
This Afternoon by C. G.
Taylor.

Wind	Cloudiness	Temperature	Precipitation
in fathoms.		Max. Min.	in inches.
NE 10	36	56 50	0.04

Barometer 29.34.

Indications.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

The Democratic County Candidates Will Address the Voters.

The democratic candidates for county offices will meet the voters of Pettis county at the following times and places:

Lon Durely's, Hughesville township, Thursday, Oct. 20th.

Smithton, Friday, Oct. 21st.

Bahner, Saturday, Oct. 22.

In each instance speaking will begin at 7:30.

A Cholera Scare.

A reported outbreak of cholera at Helmetta, N. J., created much excitement in that vicinity. Investigation showed that the disease was cholera but a violent dysentery, which is almost as severe and dangerous as cholera. Mr. Walter Willard, a prominent merchant of Jamesburg, two miles from Helmetta, says Chamberlain's colic, cholera and diarrhoea remedy has given great satisfaction in the most severe cases of dysentery. It is certainly one of the best things ever made. For sale by Aug. Fleischmann, Druggist.

For Sale.

A car load of fine yearling mules consigned to us for sale, and at prices to suit the times. Farmers will do well to come and see them.

HINSDALE & MENEFFEE.
Sedalia, Mo.

Wines and Liquors, 112 Osage, Frank Krueger.

Nancy Hanks Will Be Here.

But I am already here with the largest stock of all kinds of coal, wood, corn, oats, hay and mill feed in the city. I have everything in car load lots and can fill your orders, either large or small, on short notice. Office and yard, 218, 220 and 222 Osage street. Your patronage solicited. Telephone, 115.

R. H. HARRIS,
Proprietor.

Too Much of a Risk.

It is not unusual for colds contracted in the fall to hang on all winter. In such cases catarrh or chronic bronchitis are almost sure to result. A fifty cent bottle of Chamberlain's cough remedy will cure any cold. Can you afford to risk so much for so small an amount? This remedy is intended especially for bad colds and croup and can always be depended upon. For sale by Aug. Fleischmann,

When in St. Louis, stop at Hotel Barnum, Cor. Sixth and Washington Ave.

Fine, Juicy Oysters.

Fresh oysters, the first of the season, served in all styles at Siche's cafe. Also for sale by the can.

"Radiant Home"

Base burners at Hoffman Bros.

Liquor for family use, Frank Krueger, 112 Osage street.

SHOP AND RAIL.

ITEMS OF INTEREST TO LOCAL TRAINMEN

News About Different Roads, Employers and Employees.

E. B. Parker, general passenger agent of the M., K. & T., is in the city.

Tom Garrett, a "Katy" car repairer, is laid on the shelf by having his right hand mashed by a heavy timber yesterday afternoon.

M., K. & T. Report.

TOPEKA, Kas., Oct. 21.—The Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroad company filed its annual report with the board of railroad commissioners yesterday for the year ending June 30. The income from operation was \$2,719,942.98. The deductions from income aggregate \$3,516,456.05, leaving a deficit for the year of \$796,513.67. There was a surplus on hand last year of \$787,128.41, making the deficit June 30, \$9,385.26.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Wm. Carter is visiting friends at Lexington.

John W. Connor came in from Moberly last evening.

Mrs. J. B. Rickman is attending the Baptist conference at Lexington.

J. S. Wilson and wife, of Warsaw, were in the city last evening and stopped at Siche's.

Dr. A. V. Small and wife went to Walker, Mo., to-day, where he goes to attend an old patient.

Miss Ella Shadburne, of Windsor, is visiting the family of her brother, Dr. R. L. Shadburne, on East Fifth.

H. B. Fletcher, of Gainesville, Texas; an old citizen of Sedalia, is in town the guest of John Walmsley and family.

James G. Perdue and John W. Baldwin two of Sedalia's prominent real estate agents went to Green Ridge this morning.

Mrs. M. E. Fowler arrived from Little Rock, Ark., yesterday and will remain with her daughter, Mrs. Fred Williams, corner Ninth and Engineer.

T. T. Taylor, a most companionable gentleman and chief clerk of the seventh division of the railway postal service, stationed at Fort Scott, is in the city to-day.

Al Newkirk took in the "Turkish Bath" last night and Manager Macoy was heard to remark after the performance that he would give a salary to the man with that laugh to follow the show.

Mrs. J. W. Henry and children, of Sedalia, arrived Wednesday evening to attend the bedside of the former's mother, Mrs. Mary E. Ryan, who is very ill at her home on Chestnut street.—Hannibal Journal.

Mrs. J. A. Bidle and two children, of Higbee, are in the city visiting the families of C. D. Brown and A. M. Mitchell. She will visit her parents, Rev. and Mrs. E. K. Porter, near Beauvan, before returning home.

SENTENCES PASSED.

Judge Phillips Sends Two Law Breakers to the Penitentiary.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Oct. 21.—The October term of the United States circuit and district courts was adjourned yesterday, the docket having been emptied, and Judge Phillips departed for his home in Kansas City. Among the sentences passed was one of nine months in the penitentiary jail and a fine of \$50 on J. Robinson of Fayette, Howard county, for violation of the pension law. It was proved that Robinson extorted big fees for securing pensions for his clients. The court also forced Robinson to return his illegal fees. R. E. Olds, of Boone county, was given two years for counterfeiting.

To Give a Tournament.

Bicycle Jack Prince, who will ride a twenty mile race against horses at the Exposition Driving park Sunday, is preparing to give a bicycle tournament some day next week. He has made a visit to Leavenworth and aroused considerable interest there in the tournament. Wheelmen from all the surrounding cities will be invited to participate.

Ho for Sedalia!

From Colman's Rural World.

The best has been reserved until the last and the fleetest horses and the fastest trotters ever seen in Missouri have been provided by the Sedalia Fair association to come off during the five days commencing Tuesday, Oct. 25th inst. Not only will they offer an average of \$2,500 a day in purses and stakes, but will bring Martha Wilkes, 2:08, to the meeting on Wednesday and Nancy Hanks, 2:04, on Thursday, with a

view to showing the world what may be done over their new kite track, and the good people of the west, of the entire west, the fastest horses in the world. The bit of enterprise, we have seen it stated, will cost the association another \$12,000, and we have no reason to doubt it. For the other fourteen races during the five days, the purses offered are \$500 each, except one, that for two-year-olds is \$300. Now, may they have grand weather and more people on the track every day than ever sleep within the city limits over night.

"Old Glory" in Fire in the Sky.

From the Chicago Tribune.
One of the most novel and brilliant features in Friday night's fireworks display will be a star spangled banner floating in the heavens. It is an easy task to make a set piece in the shape and colors of the American flag, but to make one float in the skies was something that bothered the pyrotechnists. As a final resort it was decided that the only way to do this was by means of a balloon and consequently Baldwin, the aeronaut, has been engaged and will have a balloon at each park where the fireworks will be given. At Washington park he will make the ascent himself. Suspended from the car at a distance of forty feet will be a frame 300 feet long and 100 feet wide, made with thirteen strips of fireworks in the national colors, with the union of blue and forty-four stars in the corner. As this massive piece makes its ascent it will be brilliantly lighted on the outer edge of the frame and when it reaches an altitude of 2,000 feet Baldwin will light the flash fuse that will put the whole frame in a blaze.

MISSOURI'S POPULATION.

It Exceeds 2,679,184, All Races and Both Sexes Included.

Census bulletin No. 298, dated September 30, was mailed yesterday. It gives the population of Missouri as 2,679,284, of whom 1,385,238 are males and 1,294,046 are females. There are 2,444,315 native born citizens and 234,869 foreigners. There are 2,528,458 whites and 150,726 colored people. Among the colored are included Chinese, Japanese and civilized Indians. The population of St. Louis is given as 451,770, distributed as follows: Males, 228,114; females, 223,656; natives, 336,894; foreign, 114,876; whites, 424,704; colored, 27,066.

THE "GIDEONITES."

A Third Party Sensation Sprung in North Carolina.

RESEARCH, N. C., Oct. 20.—A political sensation has been sprung here by the exposure of the secret workings of the "Gideonites" organization. Two men named M. L. Reed and J. S. Bell, both leading alliance men, have made sworn statements to the effect that S. Ott Wilson, state chairman of the third party, initiated them into the order. Bell found that there were only thirty members to each county and not over 300 to each congressional district, all being specially chosen for influence and as men who could be relied upon in case of an emergency. It was a solemn obligation to implicitly obey all orders of the county, district, state and national chiefs. Wilson said the purpose of the order was to promote the third party movement. Bell told Wilson that he regarded the organization as dangerous, and said it would result in the destruction of the alliance and the third party. The state constitution expressly forbids any secret political organization, having been prepared to crush out the union league and kuklux. There are demands for the arrest of Wilson and those who aided him in forming this order, and grand juries have been called upon.

COURTED ONLY AN HOUR.

Widower Day and Widow Peterson Quickly Wed.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., October 21st.—Yesterday afternoon S. B. Day, a wealthy merchant of Humboldt, Neb., was at the union depot, and there met Mrs. Jennie Peterson, a blushing widow of 39 summers who resides at Barrensville, O. The two after an hour's conversation, repaired to the Lindell hotel, summoned a minister, and were married. Day is a widower, 59 years of age, and the father of several children.

Windsor Rally.

Windsor, in Henry county, is to enthuse in grand democratic style Saturday. The speakers who will expound Jeffersonian principles to the people on that day are Senator Cockrell, Dick Dalton, William H. Wallace and Col. John T. Crisp. Special trains will be run. Every body in the hospitable town of Windsor will contribute to the comfort and enjoyment of the guests.

Read the EVENING DEMOCRAT—10 cents per week.

AN INSANE BELIEF.

Russian Peasants Who Have No Use for Soap and Water.

Some Revolting Customs of the Plague-Stricken Country. A Land Where Cholera Finds a Breeding Place.

In no part of Europe are public baths so accessible to the lower order of people as in Russia, and nowhere are baths in such general use. But the attraction of the bath is not soap and water, but the hot vapor for which the Russian has such an affection. The bath itself is in many cases a nest of loathsome disease germs. The patronizers of these institutions very often have no use whatever for the washwoman. This is true not only of the very poor. Of an inmate of one of the gigantic apartment houses of St. Petersburg, who was a man of property, the Novoe Vremya casually remarked: "He never has his linen washed. Whenever he puts on a shirt he puts it on for good, and he wears it until it drops in shreds off his back."

As for sanitary preparation against cholera, the New York Times says the Russian peasants would look upon this as a profane interference with providence. It is said that they explain the outbreak of the cholera as the result of machinations of English enemies, who went visiting the famine districts last year, and who, under the pretense of distributing alms to the hungry, bribed Russian physicians to work this spell upon the people. The proper preventative to use against cholera are the prayers of priests and the counter spells of lasses plowing in the dead of the night. Sanitary precautions are not legitimate. Another difficulty in the way of sanitation is the expense of it. It has been calculated by experts that the sanitation of a peasant's hut would cost seven rubles (about three dollars and seventy-five cents), and no Russian peasant would think of sparing such a sum for the purpose. The sanitation of the cities and rivers would involve a greater outlay than was caused by the famine, and within a year the work would have to be done over again.

In describing the things which Russians eat and drink Mr. Lanin says that it requires great caution to keep within limits of decency of language and yet give an adequate notion of the subject. The foreign visitors to St. Petersburg or Moscow who stroll down "Glutton's Row" will see men and women, boys and girls, devouring hideous messes which would be speedily destroyed by the sanitary officers of other countries. So much for the food of the poor. But it is said that the manner of preparing food in "first class" bakeries and butcher shops would not bear relation in plain English. Thus, it is said that in the preparation of the exquisite jams by the most renowned Russian confectioners the seeds are separated from currants, gooseberries, etc., not by means of a mechanical apparatus but by the application of human lips, poor women being employed to do the work. The facts as to the preparation of the national drink (quass) are of the same sort. Of course it is not necessary to drink quass, but the water is said to be no better. No city or hamlet in Russia has drinking water pure enough to meet the requirements of the most tolerant sanitary engineer in more western countries. In Baku, where the cholera found favorable soil, a semi-official Russian journal says that "in many yards stand artificial ponds filled with water carried thither in jars. In this water the inhabitants are wont to perform their daily ablutions, bathing every day. They also use it to wash their fruits and commodities, besides which they drink it." In a scientific treatise by a Dr. Kolokoloff on the waters of St. Petersburg it is said that one of the rivers of the capital receives daily from the city one-seventh of its own bulk in impurities.

A CRITIC ON KISSING.

Kissing is a good thing, but we have entirely too much of it here in America, at least in public. It is a sacred rite that should not be performed before a mixed audience. If a man were parting from his wife, mother or sister for weeks or months, he might be excused for kissing them on the depot platform or in the cars, but I should prefer to attend to that ceremony before leaving the house. The sights and sounds on every depot platform are enough to give a sensitive person a severe attack of nausea. I have no objection to women kissing each other on the street if they enjoy the diversion. It is always understood that they do not mean it. It is a mere formality and keeps them in practice. I once attended a church festival where there was a kissing booth. A bevy of pretty girls sold their osculatory favors for twenty-five cents each "for the good of the cause." It reminded me of those gross scenes which history informs us were once enacted in the temples of Bacchus. A woman cannot be too chary of her kisses to the opposite sex. How a man professing to be a gentleman can wed a woman whom he knows has been mouthed and mumbled by others is beyond my comprehension. Indiscriminate kissing is about as reprehensible a vice as a woman can possibly be guilty of.—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

Queen Victoria's Banqueting Hall.

The banqueting hall at Osborne, in which the dinners to the German emperor were given, is to be known as the Indian room. It is about sixty feet in length by thirty feet wide, and there is a musicians' gallery at one end. This department is connected with the west wing of the palace by a wide corridor. It has been sumptuously decorated in the Hindu Sikh style, and all the hangings and furniture are oriental. This last edition to Osborne has cost the queen upwards of twenty-two thousand pounds. The Indian room is to be used for large dinner parties, concerts and theatrical entertainments, and possibly for dances. The molding is now pure white, but is to be gilded. The carvings, the peacock over the mantelpiece, and the Indian and Persian carpets are all in harmony.—London World.

QUEER STORY OF LETTUCE.

A French Baby Girl Who Inherits Sleeplessness from Her Mother.

It is generally known that lettuce makes one sleepy if he eats very much, but its action probably has never been observed to extend so far as in a case recently noted in Paris, says the New York Recorder. It is the story of a certain little baroness who had been taken by her baron to supper at a swell restaurant previous to his departure on a diplomatic mission to Morocco. The lady was in that happy condition that prefers green apples to all the diamonds in the market and a luscious salad to the wisest charms of the poet.

At the supper the baroness was the whitest, firmest, sweetest ever fatigued with oil and vinegar by a manipulating garcon. The little baroness, who adored her husband, positively declared that she would eat nothing but lettuce till the baron returned from Morocco. Many a time in his Moorish exile the impatient baron feared that his progeny would bear the mark of a lettuce heart on each little arm; and that his daughter, if he ever had one, when she grew old enough to wear a decollete ball dress would scarcely thank her parents if her pretty arm appeared tattooed with green leaves.

The baroness if she did not absolutely live on salad made the lettuce her principal article of food, and, though her friends found her very sleepy, they took her silence for devotion to her absent love. When the attaché to the Morocco mission returned, some months after, he found himself the father of a mignonette little daughter, and, to his delight, both her arms were as smooth and spotless as polished pink coral. But the cherub passed twenty-four hours out of the twenty-four asleep. It slept so diligently that its parents were really alarmed, and the baron would have welcomed a midnight pedestrian tour such as most fathers regard as a hideous assault of fate. But the baby didn't need to be put to sleep by such means. She needed to be awakened. No bad results had followed up to last accounts, but the baroness was not eating any more salad and was devising schemes for preventing her little daughter from becoming a mere rabbit.

NO GAME IN THE WEST INDIES.

The Only Region on Earth of Which Such a Thing Can Be Said.

The West Indian archipelago, with its four islands and numberless inlets, is called the gameless country, because in a region of more than one hundred thousand square miles there are no monkeys, no bears, raccoons, wild hogs, jaguars, pumas, panthers, lynx, wildcats, foxes, wolves or jackals. There is not even a woodchuck to be dug out of the many caves. On the highlands there are no bison, deer, antelope or rabbits. Dogs and cats, too, are unknown, and this lack of household pets seems to have driven the aborigines to expeditions, for in a book called "Ogilvy's Voyages" there is a story told of a San Domingo native who kept a tame manatee that made its headquarters in an artificial pond and was so well trained that when called by its name it would come out of the water, go to a native's house and after receiving its food return to the pond accompanied by boys, who seemed to charm it by singing, and often it carried two children on its back. Its instinct was wonderful. It was once struck by a pike in the hands of a Spaniard and after that always refused to come out of the water when there was a clothed man near. Manatees are often seen northwest of Cuba in shoals sporting about the reefs like sea lions. They are cunning creatures and can dodge the harpoon with more success than any other aquatic animal. When the harpoon is thrown at them they plunge with a defiant snort beneath the waves and presently come to the surface at some unexpected point, waving their flippers mockingly at their hunters. The largest land animal of this strange territory is a huge rat, measuring eighteen inches in length without the tail. With this exception Cuba, San Domingo, Jamaica and Costa Rica have no land animals.

ORCHID TEA.

A Beverage of Which Frenchmen Are Said to Be Fond.

It appears, from a London paper, that Frenchmen have been drinking orchid tea for fifty years, and that the consumption of this expensive delicacy has much increased of late. The orchid from which the tea is made is a member of one of the handsomest and most expensive families—the Angreorum. It grows in the forests of Bourbon and Mauritius, and the scientific know it as Angreorum fragrans. The genus is allied to vanilla, and it is only necessary "to touch the fresh leaves for the fingers to remain impregnated with the aroma," which remains after the leaves have been dried. This process is very simple, apparently. No heat is applied and no coloring matter.

The decoction is equally easy. You just lay the leaves and stalks in cold water, about one gramme to a teacup—more or less, according to taste—close the vessel tight and boil for ten minutes. The tea may be sweetened, and milk and rum bring out the flavor of the vanilla more strongly. It is as good cold as hot, and may be warmed up without deterioration. Material enough for fifty cups is sold in Paris for two francs fifty centimes. It is called faham, as in Mauritius.

Sounds at Night.

During a thunderstorm the air is of such varying density that thunder peals are never heard at a distance corresponding to their violence. For the same reason the roar of cannon on a field of battle is not noticeable, and the day has often been lost within a short distance of the reserves of the defeated army, which were waiting for the sound of artillery to call them to the scene of action. The air at night is more homogeneous, and hence sounds are heard more clearly and farther than in the daytime. In foggy weather sounds suffer innumerable deflections from the mist and are soon destroyed.

FURTHER DEMANDS.

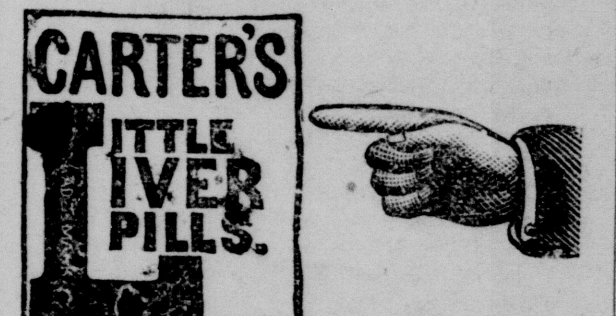
Operators Will Soon Ask New Schedules on All Western Roads.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 21.—The telegraph operators on the Cotton Belt road held a conference with General Manager Dodridge yesterday for the purpose of securing an increase in wages. The conference was merely formal, as Mr. Dodridge informed the committee that he would give them the same schedule agreed upon by the Missouri Pacific.

The Wabash line and others in the Gould system will soon be called upon to adjust their schedule in accordance with the Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Santa Fe and Frisco roads, which have already granted an advance over the old salaries paid. As soon as the Wabash and other roads in the Gould system are dealt with a demand will be made upon the Burlington road. Grand Chief Ramsay evidently anticipates a struggle when the demand is made and is preparing for a fight, but until the strike on the Gulf division of the Santa Fe is settled, no further demands will be made on any of the other roads. Grand Chief Ramsay is still in Chicago endeavoring to arrange a settlement with President Marvel of the Santa Fe system.

Increasing the Wages of Employees.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., October 21.—For some time there has been dissatisfaction among the trainmen on the St. Joseph and Grand Island road regarding wages of passenger conductors and brakemen. For two days past the grievance committee has been closeted with General Manager Robinson and last night a new schedule was signed which increases the pay of passenger conductors from \$100 to \$110



CURE

Sick Headaches and relieve all the most distressing ailments to which the system is subject. Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

As they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but for the anxiety their goodness has not been shown in curing who are weary and find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all the head

ACHE

The hand of so many lives that have been made to make our great best. Our pills cannot be made very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In valiant 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
TALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE

MALYDOR

OUR PREPARATION SYRINGE FREE with every bottle. IT CLEANS, SOOTHES, STAIN, PREVENTS STRICTURE, CURE GONORRHEA, AND GLEET IN ONE or FOUR DAYS. A QUICK CURE FOR LEUCORRHEA or WHITES. Sold by all DRUGGISTS. Send to day Address "M. C. MALYDOR MANUFACTURING CO., LANCASTER, ENGLAND."

Everybody's Voting.

Whoever is elected isn't of half as much importance to the working and earning people as the question as to where is to be had the most value for their hard earned dollar. Those who know us say we solve the question every time. Here are a few examples.

Carpers from 12½
Window Shades, 25.
Lace Curtains, 65.
Chenille " \$5.00.
" table covers, 1.00
Rugs, 50c.
And everything else in proportion. we make the best window shades in the United States. Drop in and see for yourselves.

Sedalia Carpet Company,

CORNER THIRD AND LAMINE.

SEDALIA GROCER COMPANY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy Groceries.

We are opening up a NEW STOCK in our large building, 106 and 108 West Fifth street, and will make prices to dealers that will save them money. In our Retail Department will be found a fine line of Groceries at prices that will attract cash buyers.

CALL ... AND ... SEE ... US.

Sedalia Weekly Democrat.

NEW SERIES.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI, FRIDAY OCTOBER 21, 1892.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

Read the Following and See if We Cannot Interest You.

For two years (since I have been in business in Sedalia) I have been increasing my shoe trade.

How do I do this? By selling you poor goods at a high price?

No; this can only be done by selling better goods for less money than you can get elsewhere.

We are the live pioneers of low prices. We dive to the rock bottom. Other houses advertise to meet competition. We advertise to go one step farther and beat it.

We are selling a line of children's shoes for 75 cents, \$1.00 and \$1.25 that are fine school shoes. Every pair guaranteed.

Our stock of ladies' shoes is complete, prices ranging from \$1.00 up.

I sell for \$1.25 a line of oil grain, glove grain and pebble grain that you will find hard to match at twenty-five to fifty cents more money. I also guarantee this line.

I have a fine Dongola cushion made shoe at \$2. This is a very reliable shoe and cannot be had elsewhere for less than \$2.50.

I have ladies shoes at all prices from \$1 to \$5 and guarantee I can fit your foot, head and pocket book all with the same shoe.

Our men's shoes run from \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2, \$3, \$4.

Bargains for every one. Boots! We have them.

If you want to save your money, get our prices before you purchase.

NOTIONS.

Pins, 1 cent paper.

Hooks and eyes, 2 cents card.

Safety pins, 2 1/2 cents paper; for the Coats best machine thread, 4 cents spool, 7 for 25 cents.

Sewing silk 5 cents spool; twist, 2 cents spool. Best quality knitting silk, 30 cents spool.

Corsets, 25 cents, 50 cents, 75 cents, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

Dr. Ball's corset, 79 cents; Warner coralline corset, 79 cents.

Madame Warren's dress form corset.

Children's seamless hose, 10 cents; same as you pay 15 cents for elsewhere.

Better goods at 15 cents, 20 cents and 25 cents.

Ladies fast black, full regular seamless hose, 15 cents worth 25 cents.

Ladies cashmere wool hose, 25 cents worth 35 cents.

Handkerchiefs from 1 cent up.

Men's outing cloth shirts, 20 cents up. Fine unlaundried shirts, 50 cents worth 75 cents.

Celluloid collars, 10 cents, cuffs 18 cents, just one-half price. All sizes and numbers.

Hair brushes, 10 cents, 15 cents and 20 cents up.

Combs, 5 cents up.

Tooth brushes, 10 cents up.

A full line of ladies' and gent's pocket books and purses.

I think I can honestly say I have the largest assortment of these goods in Sedalia.

A fine assortment of gentlemen's teck scarfs at 25 cents, worth 35 and 50 cents.

Ruching, gloves, ribbons, veiling, bed spreads, etc., etc.

Lace curtains, from 50 cents a pair up.

Lace and embroidered pillow shams, 25 cents.

Ladies' belts, 25 cents.

Towels, 5 cents up.

Table linen, 20 cents up.

24 sheets best writing paper, 5 cents.

3 bunches envelopes, 10 cents.

Lead pencils, 3 cents a dozen.

Note books, tablets, etc.

Our millinery department.—A large line, a complete line of hats, baby hoods, tip wings and feathers. Remember what milliners charge. Then come and see what we charge.

We have a trimmer and can suit the taste of any one.

Novelties in the line of jewelry.

Breast pins, stick pins, rings, scarf pins, etc. Many novelties at lowest prices.

Tinware, stamped ware and granite ware.

One quart buckets, 5 cents; one quart cups, 5 cents; two pint cups, 5 cents; two nine-inch pie plates, 5 cents; four-quart coffee pots, 15 cents; milk pans, bread pans, tea kettles, wash boilers, dippers, etc., etc.

Cut this out and bring it with you, so you won't forget the place or the goods advertised.

N. D. CHASE,
"The Racket Store,"
313 Ohio St.

Between Third and Fourth.

FOUND AT LAST.

A WARNER DEMOCRAT AT W. J. STONE'S HOME.

The Court Records Showing Some Interesting Litigation Explaining a Political Change of Base.

From the Nevada Democrat.

At last a Warner democrat has been found. He is ex-county school commissioner and ex-county recorder of Vernon county and also ex-mayor of Nevada. He has put himself on record as a Warner democrat and he had formerly put himself on the public records. Both records have gone to the people of Vernon county, but not to the people of Missouri. We propose to give both and democratic papers in Southwest Missouri should do likewise. Because this man King is being quoted by the republicans all over the state. Here is your Warner democrat:

Ex-Mayor A. J. King, of Nevada, is in the city to-day on his return from a trip to Wentworth, where he has mining interests. Mr. King is a life long democrat, but is going to vote for Warner and says there are 500 like him in Vernon county, which it must be remembered is the home of the wily Bill Stone.

'There are people in town,' said Mr. King, 'who say Stone will fall 1,500 votes behind the ticket in Vernon county, but I am disposed to think that is an over estimate. He will, however, be fully 500 votes behind Cleveland. There are those who try to belittle Warner democrats, but if you will go with me to Vernon county I will show you any amount of them. They are there and they are not afraid to say boldly how they propose to vote. You will find them all over Missouri, too.'

'If Warner gets the vote in St. Louis I think he will be our next governor. He is the best campaigner that ever set foot on Missouri soil and he deserves to be elected.'—*Carthage Press*.

It is needless to say the *Carthage Press* is a rank republican paper.

Here is the record, as well as the reason why A. J. King is a Warner democrat:

Special term of county court October 3, '91.

All the judges present.

It having come to the knowledge of the county court that there is good reason to believe that A. J. King, late recorder of Vernon county, Mo., has failed to keep a full, true and faithful account of all fees of every kind received by him while holding the said office of recorder of deeds, as required by section 6450 of the revised statutes of 1889 of the state of Missouri, and that he has failed and neglected to pay into the county treasury of Vernon county the surplus arising from such fees to which the county is entitled, under and by virtue of said section No. 7450 for the years from 1883 to 1890 inclusive. It is therefore considered and ordered that L. L. Scott prosecuting attorney of Vernon county be authorized and empowered to employ such additional counsel as he may deem necessary to assist him in making a proper investigation of the books of the office of the recorder of deeds during the year aforesaid, and the fees of said office received during that period, the said counsel so employed by him to receive such compensation for their services as may hereafter be agreed upon under written contract.

After the above order and at the same meeting the prosecuting attorney is further ordered to institute suit in the proper court to recover any balance found due the county from said A. J. King.

The prosecuting attorney was further ordered that if any balance was found due Vernon county, which had been wrongfully withheld, to present the matter to the next grand jury and to take such action before said body, as the law requires and authorizes in such cases.

The proceedings are signed by John T. Mays, presiding judge.

Soon after the above meeting a contract was entered into with Stone, Hoss & King to assist Prosecuting Attorney Scott in the investigation and recovery of any sum found due the county from ex-Recorder A. J. King.

Col. W. J. Stone, democratic nominee for governor, is the senior member of this prominent law firm, and from the date of the employment of this firm to make King fork

Johnston



Leads in Over Coats
" ' Furnishings
" ' Gloves
" ' Hats & caps
If you want a square deal see the American Clothier

Johnston 207 Ohio Street.

over the money he owed the county begins the personal animus and hatred that causes A. J. King to desert his party, the party that did everything for him he asked as long as they thought him honest, but promptly put the screws to him when they had found him out But let us go on.

Special term county court, first day, January 11, 1892.

All the court present.

Compromise of the A. J. King case.

Attorney for the county files report.

In substance the report states that an investigation of the recorder's books was made, beginning with 1890, the last year of service of A. J. King as recorder, making actual

1892, A. J. King went to the office of the county treasurer and paid in \$2,101 and it is presumed be paid the attorneys the same amount, making a total of \$4,202 paid in. This leaves a balance of \$1,200 yet due the county. He did not pay that in, claiming he was entitled to clerk hire for two years. The amount still remains due the county, and King's bondsmen will be held for it unless he puts up the money.

In the meantime the prosecuting attorney, acting under the instructions of the court, had brought the matter to the attention of the grand jury and that body promptly indicted Mr. King and he stands under indictment to-day. His case was continued at the last term, but his trial will come up at the November term of the Vernon county circuit court.

Come and See

The Queens of the Turf,

At Sedalia, Mo., October 25th to 29th, 1892.

Nancy Hanks and Martha Wilkes.

On Thursday, October 27th, 1892, the Peerless Nancy Hanks, the Greatest Trotting Horse in the World, Will Trot to Beat the World's Record, 2:04, (Her Own) for a Purse of \$5,000.

The Missouri State Fair association is firm in its conviction that "Nothing succeeds like success" and has decided to supplement the August fair racing with an October meeting, from the 25th to the 29th, inclusive.

Arrangements have been completed to secure the most famous trotting and pacing horses in this country and the racing on each day of the meeting will embrace contests over the already famous kite-shaped track between horses that will go from wire to wire to break previous records. Among the entered are such well known

BUY THE BEST

School Shoes

School Shoes



—AT— Wm. Courtney's. —AT—

inspection of the entire work done in the office. They then proceeded to examine the business for 1889.

For the year 1889 the fees were \$6,516. King reported to the county only \$4,495.95. For 1890 the fees were \$5,549. King only reported \$3,447.95.

From the above statement it is shown that King failed to account for \$2,020.95 in 1889 and for \$2,101.95 in 1890. Suit was brought for these amounts. King claimed that the excess shown by the report was for work for which he had not collected, but the people knew him to be exceedingly close and that he never let a dollar slip, and gave little credit to this claim.

The report closes as follows: Mr. King now stands ready to pay into the county treasury all sums so found to have been earned by him over and above the sum of \$4,000 for each year, less whatever amounts the court may see proper to allow as clerk hire for the various years in which no allowance has heretofore been made.

(Signed) L. L. Scott, Prosecuting Attorney, Stone, Hoss & King, Special Counsel.

Having read the foregoing statement I state the same to be correct so far as the same relates to my agreement with the attorneys for the county.

(Signed) A. J. King, January 23, 1892.

The county court after a proper investigation made the following order:

It is hereby ordered that attorneys be authorized to accept \$5,402.00 in full settlement of the claim of the county against A. J. King.

On the 29th day of January

horses as Bell Acton, the wonderful yearling with a 2:21 1/2 record; Online, with a 2-year-old record of 2:23 3/4 and John R. Gentry's John R., with a 3-year-old record of 2:14, and the programme, as completed, furnishes the finest and best attractions ever offered to the public.

Nancy Hanks, the fast little mare that astonished the world by trotting a mile over the Terre Haute, Ind., track, without a skip or a break, in the wonderful time of 2:04, and Martha Wilkes, with a 2:08 record, the two greatest trotting horses ever bred, will positively make a bone fide effort to break their own records. Bud Doble, the world renowned driver, will hold the ribbons and he promises to get all the speed out of Nancy and Martha there is in them and test beyond contradiction the merits for fastness of the Sedalia sod-paved, kite-shaped track. The witnesses of these dashes to break the best records may confidently expect to see Nancy Hanks trot a mile in 2:03 or better, and Martha Wilkes make a mile in 2:05 or better. The records of the two horses must not be confounded. Nancy is urged by a running mate, while Martha made her record of 2:08 in a race among a field of trotters, her feat standing on the records as the fastest mile ever trotted in a race. Doble, the acknowledged best reinman in America, hopes on Thursday, Oct. 27th, to send Nancy Hanks over the Sedalia track no slower than 2:03, thereby lowering her own record, and those in attendance at the Sedalia fair grounds will enjoy watching the game trotter endeavor to smash all previous records to pieces.

BRAND NEW STOCK OF Dry Goods, Dress Goods and Notions

Having made a change in business and closed out our old stock we open out this fall with a BRAND NEW STOCK. Everything new and fresh, and we propose to lead in LOW PRICES IN DRY GOODS. Our Motto: "LOW PRICES WILL TELL." It won't cost you anything to call and see for yourself. Please notice a few hard hitters below:

Table Oil Cloth, 15c worth
Indian Head Domestic, 7 1/2c worth 9.
Best Heavy Canton Flannel, yard wide 12 1/2c worth 15.
Second Best Canton Flannel 9c worth 12 1/2.
Medium Quality Canton Flannel, 4 1/4c, worth 7 1/2.
Spool Silk (best), 7c worth 10.
Dress Stays (Ever Ready), 10c worth 15.
No. 1 Batting, 9c worth 10.
Best Saxony Yarn, 7 1/2c worth 10.
Fruit Loom (Bleached), 8c worth 10.
Seven Spools Coats' Cotton for 25c.

One paper Best Gold-Eye Needles, 4c.
Best Fall Styles Calico, 5c worth 7.
Best Indigo Blue Calico, 6 1/2c worth 7 1/2.
Next to Best Indigo Blue Calico, 5c, worth 6 1/2.
Best Sea Island, 6 1/2c worth 8.
Next Best Sea Island, 5c worth 7.
Best Staple Check Gingham, 7 1/2c worth 9.
Second Best Staple Check Gingham, 6 1/2c worth 8 1/2.
Hope Bleached Muslin, 6 1/2c worth 8.

Big Stock, New Dress Goods, all the New Styles, will be sold at a small advance on first cost.

H. H. MAREAN Dry Goods, Dress Goods And Notions.

LEADER OF PRICES IN DRY GOODS.

CORNER FOURTH AND OHIO STREETS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Paid up Capital, - - - \$250,000. Surplus, - - - \$20,000. SEDALIA, MO.

CYRUS NEWKIRK, Pres't. J. C. THOMPSON, Cashier. F. H. GUENTHER, Asst. Cashier. J. C. Thompson, H. W. Wood, E. G. Cassidy

TRANSACTS a general banking business. Accounts of banks, bankers, merchants and individuals solicited. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to them.

Banking House Corner Second and Ohio Sts.

The railroads running into Sedalia have made very low rates and no one can afford to lose the opportunity of seeing Nancy Hanks, Martha Wilkes, Online, Bell Acton, John R., and a hundred of other fast horses.

Special trains and reduced rates—one fare (or less) for the round trip on all roads arriving at Sedalia in time to see the races and go back home at night, if you wish.

Worked Sedalia.

Jessee W. Majors, the young Windsorite, who has made such an unenviable record swindling Kansas City merchants by bogus checks drawn upon the Citizens' bank, of Windsor, has been committed to jail in Kansas City in default of \$3,000 bail.

Majors turned a few tricks in Sedalia during the past several months, one of the victims being a prominent business man.

Read the DEMOCRAT.

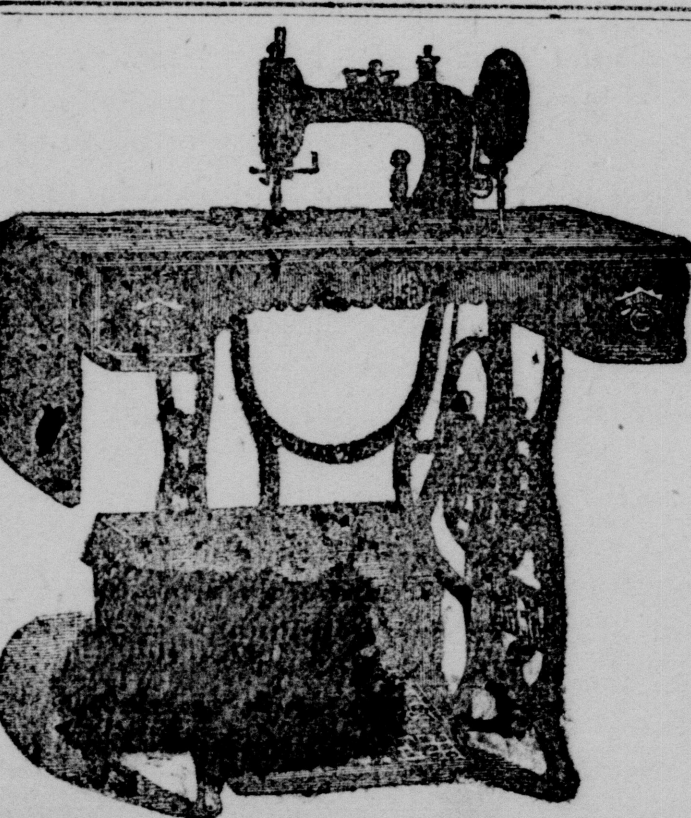
THE SUIT OF JAMES SCULLIN.

He Asks for \$39,983.34 Alleged to Be Due Him for Salary.

The resignation of James Scullin from the position of superintendent of the Union Depot Railway Co., October 8, says the *St. Louis Republic*, has been followed, on his part, by the institution of a suit against the company in the circuit court for \$39,983.34 back salary. Mr. Scullin alleges that he was employed by the railroad at \$5,000 per year on November 1, 1880, and served until Oct. 8, 1892. The company thus became indebted to him in the sum of \$59,983.34, of which he has received but \$28,600, leaving an indebtedness of the amount sued for. He asks judgment for that amount with interest and costs.

Mr. Scullin was formerly an M., K. & T. conductor and was married in Sedalia.

Read the DEMOCRAT.



BEFORE YOU

Buy, Go And See My Large Stock of Sewing MACHINES of all kinds.

Needles, oil and repairs for all machines.

112 West Second Street, Sedalia, Mo.

A. B. Dempsey.

Sedalia Democrat.

BOOM the north and south railroad. The success of that enterprise will boom the town.

THE democratic county ticket is one of the strongest and best ever placed before the people of Pettis county. It should win by an average majority of at least 500.

DICK DALTON will speak in Sedalia on the evening of the 29th and there will be more Sedalia people to hear him than there will be to hear McKinley on the 25th.

THE success of the movement for a grand north and south trunk line railroad would be worth to Sedalia more money every month than is asked from Pettis county by the managers of the enterprise.

WAYNE McVEAGH gives some very forcible reasons for becoming a democrat. There are thousands of former republicans who think just as he does about the matter and who will vote as they think.

MIKE DOHERTY has made a faithful, honest, polite official during the one term he has held the office of collector. The fair minded voters of Pettis county will reward him with another term in the same office.

JUDGE CONWAY has little or no opposition for re-election. The admirable, fair and impartial manner in which he has discharged the duties of the office would insure his election even if his district were republican.

HON. JOHN M. GLOVER will address the people of Sedalia in defense of democratic principles on the evening of the 26th inst. He is a polished and interesting speaker and will please every democrat who hears him.

STONE and Warner met in joint debate yesterday, and now the valiant major is in a condition similar to that of the little boy who fooled with the business end of the mule—he will never be as pretty again, but he will know a heap more than he did.

WHAT do the masses of the republican party think of the plan of their managers to introduce force bill tactics in Missouri. Does any sane man believe it is done to secure a fair election? Is there not profound peace in Missouri? Is not every citizen protected in his rights?

THE Kansas City Times is authority for the statement that the republican managers have decided to apply to the federal government for the appointment of federal supervisors and deputy United States marshals to "guard" and manage the election in this state. And yet there are republicans who really think the force bill issue is dead.

NO PUBLIC man in Missouri was ever so plainly "out classed" as was Major Warner when he stood up in joint debate with Hon. Wm. J. Stone at Kahoka yesterday. Stone had the best of the argument, as well as the endorsement of the crowd, and he "stood up for Missouri" like a man who is used to the work.

THE hotels at Chicago are preparing to charge \$10 per day during the dedication of the World's fair, says an exchange. Such exhibitions of greed will make that town notorious long before the fair opens and contribute largely to make it a failure. Indeed, it is quite plain now that if the fair is a success it will be no fault of ravenous sharks in Chicago.

THE work of disintegration is still going on in the ranks of the republican party at Kansas City, the home of Major Warner. The latest defection is that of a prominent colored politician, named Bradbury who resigns as vice president of the republican league and notifies the republican leaders that he will not vote the republican ticket.

It can not but disgust fair-minded men for a candidate to be continually prating about his self-asserted superior morality, and urging it as a reason for his election to office. Such conduct is hypocrisy, demagoguery and political rot of the worst kind. Competency, ability and

efficiency are the proper tests for office-holding, and the ones in which citizens and tax-payers are mostly interested. When a candidate has to whine about his self-asserted superior morality in his endeavors to get support, it is convincing proof that he has not a single qualification or a particle of competency for discharging the duties of the office he seeks.

VOTE FOR HEARD.

In the coming election the voters of this congressional district should not neglect to cast the usual complimentary vote for Hon. John T. Heard. At the last election, he received at this precinct 72 republican votes from personal friends and admirers who have received favors at his hands, says the *Rocheport Commercial*. These votes should be given again to Mr. Heard, who will appreciate them and not forget his friends who bestow them at the sacrifice of party affiliation. His majority at the last election was over 4000 votes and these figures should be materially increased this fall. Missouri township gave him the largest vote of any township in the district. Mr. Heard has ever proved himself worthy of the strong endorsement he received. He is a statesman of recognized ability and one of the few in this state who carries the full strength of his party as well as a nice complimentary vote from the republicans. Let every voter, regardless of political affiliations, see that the name of Hon. John T. Heard is on the ticket he places in the ballot box on the first Tuesday in November.

OUR sometimes esteemed contemporary, the *Gazette*, seems disposed to attempt to make political capital out of the mob that assembled at the jail the other night. On the principle that drowning men catch at straws, the course of the *Gazette* can be understood. At the same time neither the peace of the community, the supremacy of the law nor the triumph of justice is to be conserved by dragging so dangerous a subject into politics. The fact that the perpetrator of the heinous crime was a negro and that some of the gentlemen who composed the crowd who, carried away by hot and righteous indignation, were impatient of delay and anxious to mete out merited punishment without due process of law, cuts no figure in politics, for the persuasive eloquence of Prosecuting Attorney Longan and the quiet determination of DeLong and other democrats among the posse guarding the jail, materially assisted, it did not actually prevent, a collision that would have been regretted by all in their cooler moments—the members of the mob as well as the sheriff and guards. There is no politics in it; the affair is not even a factor in the great problems to be settled at the polls. The least said about it is the best for the community.

SENATOR HISCOCK has been wading about Chicago with an assumed air of distraction and a pretense of having nothing weighty on his ponderous mind, says the *Detroit Free Press*. But the New York statesman had a mission. He was there in response to a Macedonian cry. Illinois had assumed a political aspect which terrified the local g. o. p. managers and they were constrained to send out for help. Hiscock was there to capture the floaters, organize them for efficient work and supply them with the sinews of war. He was, perhaps, as honorably engaged as if seeking to lead the people astray in New York by eloquent misrepresentations from the stump, but his western enterprise was a good deal more expensive, and the hoped for returns very uncertain. Chicago floaters were after the imported boodle with the avidity of flies attacking a well-lined sugar hogshead, but they were simply "touching" the senator for his corruption fund, making a mental reservation to vote as they please when the time comes. He will in time realize the agony of love's labor lost.

ANOTHER steel mill has served notice of a reduction of wages. It is the Crescent steel works in Pittsburgh, and the reduction announced, 10 per cent., is to go into effect on October 20, says the *Jefferson City Tribune*. Thus is the wage-reducing power of the McKinley tariff law practically demonstrated

week after week, notwithstanding the theoretical efforts of protection statisticians to convince the workmen that his pay is better. The American workman cannot be made to believe that a 10 per cent. reduction is a 20 per cent. increase.

EX-SECRETARY ISAAC ISAACS, of the republican league clubs of Missouri, makes some grave charges against the republican managers. He says that during the taking of the census in this state in 1890, the census enumerators were instructed by Chief Census Enumerator Brock to prepare a political poll of the state during their work of census enumerators and that postmasters were put to work to see that the enumerators did the job. That the poll was prepared and showed 45,000 doubtful republicans and 15,000 doubtful democrats. That this partisan work, a violation of the civil service law and a prostitution of census work to party purposes was done at the instigation of Warner and Jno. W. Noble, secretary of the interior. He also says the federal officials in Missouri were instructed to see that only "Warner delegates" were sent to the state convention and that it was this federal machine that defeated Filley and put the Warner on top. Mr. Isaacs claims to have documentary evidence to prove what he says.

W. D. STEELE is one of the most thoroughly experienced, competent and efficient lawyers who has ever offered for the position of prosecuting attorney of Pettis county, in the history of the county, of any party. He has successfully practiced law in the civil and criminal courts of Pettis county for a number of years and he is to-day without a superior at the Sedalia bar, as a criminal lawyer, as his extensive practice in that line fully attests. What the people want in that office is a skillful and an experienced criminal lawyer and they can have that in Billie Steele. There is no reason why any democrat should fail to vote for him. Not only a good lawyer, he is a good democrat, and has always been an active worker for the party, and the party in this county owes more to no man for effective work than to him. He is worthy of the vote of every democrat in the county.

It is a tolerably safe conclusion that no town which is prepared to receive them will be attacked by what it is the fashion to call "desperadoes," says the *Kansas City Star*. It is characteristic of the modern "desperado," "Knight of the road," and so on that he always prefers to have the "drop," to attack a train filled with women and children, with perhaps not an armed man to act as a possible defender; to ride into a village at an unexpected time and run out again; or to overpower by numbers some defenseless messenger, but not to attack any number of resolute men with arms in their hands and a disposition to use them. The "desperado" when carefully examined will be found to be a great deal of a cur. The Coffeyville method repeated once or twice would check the "desperado" business for a long time.

THE Columbia Herald, one of the ablest and most conservative newspapers in the state, says: "The Missouri school book law is a farce. It has tightened the grip of a school book trust upon the people of Missouri, while the delays and inconveniences of exchanging old books for the required series of new ones, have more than compensated for the slight saving in expense. The text book commission did the best it could under the circumstances. The trouble was with the law and the circumstances." We are not disposed to agree with the *Herald* entirely, for the grip of the trust was pretty tight before the new law was enacted. Besides, the DEMOCRAT has strong hopes the supreme court will construe the law so that it will prove of actual benefit rather than an injury to the schools.

NEVER in the history of American politics has a rival candidate for governor been made to appear so much inferior, in every way, to his opponent as Stone's individuality, his logic, his forcible language, his comparative towering intellectuality, did poor Warner at Kahoka Friday, says the *Carthage Democrat*. To

take the sword of truth and the battering ram of reason and beat Warner as Stone did is almost cruelty to animals.

WHEN the Chicago and Alton railroad was being built through Saline county many of the citizens subscribed for stock in the road just as the people of Pettis county are asked to take stock in the Springfield, Sedalia, Marshall and Northern. By the time the road was completed and payment demanded the stock was worth dollar for dollar and those who desired to sell were not out a cent by the transaction. Others kept their stock a few years and sold at a premium. The experience there with the Chicago and Alton stock will likely be the experience of those who take stock in the proposed north and south line, for those who have investigated the subject closely think the proposed road will be a paying investment from the start and the stock worth par by the time the subscription notes mature.

THE *Gazette* says, "The bravery of Sheriff Smith and his posse saved Sedalia the disgrace of sending out to the world yesterday the news that the Queen City of the Prairies had furnished a lynching bee." Not entirely, neighbor! The cool, calm and impressive arguments of George Longan, prosecuting attorney of Pettis county, prevented the mob from making an attack on the jail and thus avoided a conflict which would have resulted in bloodshed.

REPUBLICAN statisticians inform us that it costs \$3.50 more a ton to manufacture steel rails in this country than its does in England, says an exchange. The tariff is nearly \$13.50, so that the steel-rail trust makes a clear profit of \$10, which netted it \$31,450,000 last year, aside from legitimate profits. No wonder that plenty of money is forthcoming with which to buy Harrison's presidency, if that position is in the market.

THE school board of St. Joseph is interested in the school board fight and proposes to come to Sedalia's aid in establishing questions of fact bearing upon the points at issue. Other schools are awaiting the issue of the case with a great deal of interest and it is possible that the case will attract more attention than has been shown in a lawsuit in this state in many years.

In the race for sheriff the democratic nominee is far in the lead of his republican opponent. The people of Pettis county know James S. Hopkins as an honest man possessing all of the qualifications for the office for which he is a candidate.

THE NEGRO IS SAFE.

He Was Taken to Clinton and Is Behind Steel and Stone Walls.

Wm. Pettie, the negro, is now safe from being lynched.

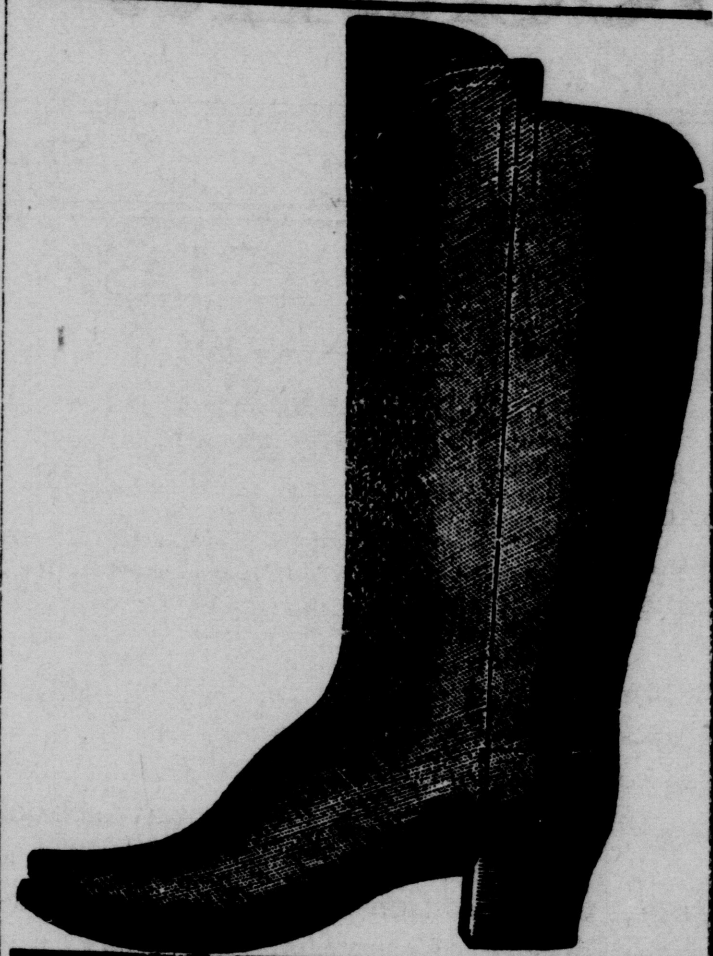
At 6:15 last evening, Deputy Sheriff R. W. Barnett quietly boarded the southbound M., K. & T. passenger and in a short time Pettie was out of reach of the mob which sought his life Wednesday night. Mr. Barnett was not accompanied by anyone and displayed considerable nerve in running the gauntlet of possible lynchers.

Pettie, better known as Simms, was so badly frightened that he could scarcely keep from crying out. The least unusual noise set him to shaking and he trembled every time the train stopped at a station.

When the smoking car was entered at Sedalia, Mr. Barnett found it crowded with a lot of young Texans who were drinking, playing cards and imitating Major Yell in the "Texas Steer." The negro at once concluded that it was a mob in disguise and it was hard to convince himself otherwise. The sheriff of Butler county, living at Popular Bluff, was on the train and happened to know the negro who finally became quiet upon the reassurance of this gentleman. The sheriff stated that Pettie had formerly worked at Popular Bluff and was considered a very well-disposed fellow.

The jail at Clinton is a veritable bastille, being constructed of stone, brick and steel in a way that would defy a small army. An attack on this jail would prove a most serious thing, aside from the chances of getting killed, as it contains quite a number of U. S. prisoners sent there from the Kansas City courts.

Messerly's General Store.



The Messerly Boot

is the only boot that is especially made for wet weather wear

It is Water Proof.

The leather is a special tan and oiled so as to keep soft and pliable.

It is Warranted

to be the best boot in the market and the price is the lowest consistent with the quality of leather and workmanship.

Price \$3.50 Boys \$2.00

Chas. E. Messerly,
Corner Osage and Second Streets, Sedalia, Missouri.

J. A. Bowers & Co.

Livery and Feed Stables,
And Wagon Yard, 401 West MAIN ST.

Best accommodations in Sedalia, and at reasonable rates. Saddle Horses and Light Livery at all times. Horses boarded by day, week or month.

When in Sedalia

GO TO THE

Kaiser :-: Restaurant

FOR YOUR MEALS

There You Get the Best
IN :-: THE :-: CITY.

Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of Missouri.

Concurrent resolution submitting to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri an amendment to the constitution thereof, concerning the relief of disabled and crippled firemen by the cities of said state having an organized fire department.

Be it resolved by the house of representatives, the senate concurring therein:

That at the general election to be held on Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, A. D. 1892, the following amendment to the constitution of the state of Missouri, concerning the relief of disabled and crippled firemen by the cities of said state, shall be submitted to the qualified voters of said state, to-wit:

SECTION 1. That section 47, of article 4 of the constitution, be amended by adding thereto the following words, to-wit: "Provided, that this shall not be so construed as to prohibit the general assembly from providing by law for authorizing the creation, maintenance and management of a fund for the pensioning of crippled and disabled firemen, and for the relief of the widows and minor children of deceased firemen, by such cities, villages or incorporated towns as may have an organized fire department—said fund to be taken from the municipal revenue of such cities, villages or incorporated towns. STATE OF MISSOURI—SS.

I, Alexander A. Lesueur, secretary of state of the state of Missouri, hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and complete copy of a concurrent resolution of the Thirty-sixth General Assembly of the state of Missouri, entitled: "Concurrent resolution submitting to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri an amendment to the constitution thereof, concerning the relief of disabled and crippled firemen by the cities of said state having an organized fire department," as appears by comparing the same with the original roll of said concurrent resolution now on file, as the law directs, in this office.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF,
[seal] I hereunto set my hand and affix the great seal of the state of Missouri. Done at office in the city of Jefferson, this eighth day of September, A.D. 1892.
A. A. LESUEUR,
Secretary of State.

Real Estate Transfers.

Geo. B. Cox to Lucy J. Edwards, southwest quarter section 12, township 43, range 23; \$1,000.

Sallie E. Haverfield and husband to Lucy E. Delap 19 acres, south side north east quarter, section 35, township 47, range 23; \$500.

J. H. Kinkead to Wm. H. Emerson, lots 243, 244 and 245, block R, Lamonte, \$1,500.

John K. Ramey and wife to B. F. Stirlin, northwest quarter of the northwest quarter, section 28, township 47, range 23; \$200.

Wm. K. Reynolds and wife to Robt. Swann, 100 acres, sections 13 and 24, township 45, range 21; \$4,350.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

Wm. E. Bard & Son

WHOLESALE and RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES &c.

Stock complete in every department. Prescriptions a specialty.

108 WEST MAIN ST.
SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

PUBLIC SALE OF CHOICE MILCH COWS.

Having discontinued my milk business, I will sell without reserve to the highest bidder, a head of selected dairy cows; half of them are high grade Holsteins, young and excellent milkers, having been selected and raised for that purpose—calves never having been allowed to run with them; to parties contemplating the purchase of cows to supply milk to creameries, this is a rare opportunity.

Sale to take place at my home at head of Broadway, Sedalia, on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1892,

at one o'clock, sale to take place rain or shine. Among the cattle are one registered Holstein bull by Prince Imperial, imported; and two cows. Will also sell all my cheese and creamery fixtures, consisting of presses, vats, etc.

Terms of Sale:—Twelve months time will be given parties furnishing approved paper, drawing 6 per cent interest from date.

J. R. BARRETT.

FRESH - GROCERIES

New Firm

Ritenour & Gorrell

SUCCESSORS TO

J. K. YEATER & CO.

HAVE in stock a full line of fresh, staple and fancy groceries, which they are selling at prices that defy competition. They are prepared to handle country produce in any quantity, and invite every reader of the DEMOCRAT to call and see them at

114 WEST MAIN STREET.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were filed in the recorder's office to-day:

Ed. Tollie and wife to James H. Knapp, lot 6 in block 2, in Henry Tively's addition to Green Ridge, \$200.

Henry Wesloh and wife to Richard Bohon, lots 12 and 13, block 17, Smithton, \$50.

Wm. Ede and wife to Everett E. Durand, lots 9 and 10, block 6, Green Ridge, \$200.

The Old Reliable For a Good Meal

GO TO

Sicher's :- Cafe.

It Is the Nicest Place in the City.

Bakery and Confectionery in Connection with Establishment.

PROBATE COURT

Docket of cases in which settlements are due from executors and administrators and guardians and curators, at the ensuing November term of the Probate Court of Pettis county, to be held at the court house, in said county, commencing on the second Monday of November, A. D., 1892.

- MONDAY, NOVEMBER 14TH, 1892.
- James M. Whirley, guardian and curator of A. A. Whirley, a minor; third annual settlement.
 - William Rector, guardian and curator M. J. Rector, a minor; sixth annual settlement.
 - John Patton, guardian and curator Frank Patton, a minor; eleventh annual settlement.
 - William Y. Evans, guardian and curator Giles D. and Julia Kader, minors; eighth annual settlement.
 - John R. Clopton, public administrator A. C. Scott, deceased; final settlement.
 - Edward S. Bouldin, guardian and curator Emma D., John J., Thomas C. and Leonard L. Bouldin, minors; first annual settlement.
 - Peter Holsten, guardian and curator Rudolph Meyer, a minor; fifth annual settlement.

- TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15TH, 1892.
- John R. Clopton, public administrator Jacob Marshall, deceased; final settlement.
 - H. C. Voigt, administrator W. P. Voigt, deceased; final settlement.
 - John R. McCurdy, curator Nona B. and Emerson Wood, minors; fourth annual settlement.
 - Sarah A. Culloom, guardian and curator Chas. T. Wm. C., Birdie M. and J. Q. B. Culloom, minors; fourth annual settlement.
 - Solomon Rayburn, guardian and curator W. H. Rayburn, a minor; ninth annual settlement.
 - James E. Bouldin, guardian and curator Minnie Bouldin, a minor; eighth annual settlement.
 - C. W. Downs, guardian and curator J. H. Ramsey, insane; fifth annual settlement.

- WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 16TH, 1892.
- John R. Clopton public administrator Catharine Heisinger, deceased; third annual settlement.
 - J. W. and C. Vannatta, executors Wm. H. Vannatta, deceased; third annual settlement.
 - John R. Clopton public administrator C. A. Johnson, deceased; final settlement.
 - Wm. Kahrs, guardian and curator Wm. A. Otten, a minor; third annual settlement.
 - Susan J. Westenberg, guardian and curator Eva F. Westenberg, a minor; second annual settlement.
 - R. N. Lower, guardian and curator Louisa Lower, a minor; second annual settlement.
 - Martin Weller, administrator Carl Weller, deceased; final settlement.

- THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17TH, 1892.
- John R. Clopton, public administrator Tilman Wyrick, deceased; final settlement.
 - Samuel Winzenried, administrator C. T. A. Frederick Winzenried, deceased; final settlement.
 - Levi Devo, executor Margaret Walker, deceased; second annual settlement.
 - W. M. and W. J. Lettis, administrators John Lettis, deceased; second annual settlement.
 - Phillip Shaffer, guardian and curator Rexford C. and Ralph T. Rhodes, minors; second annual settlement.
 - John T. Worley, guardian and curator Benjamin F. Jenkins, a minor; second annual settlement.
 - E. G. Cassidy, executor James Glass, deceased; final settlement.

- FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 18TH, 1892.
- Thomas H. Jenkins, guardian and curator M. J., C. H., R. L., T. R., L. B. and L. Z. Jenkins—minors; second annual settlement.
 - Mary A. Bratton, administratrix, P. H. Bratton, deceased; final settlement.
 - Samuel A. Kendrick, administrator John Kendrick, deceased; final settlement.
 - Hellen Lister, administratrix Robert Lister, deceased; first annual settlement.
 - John R. Clopton, public guardian, Emma May Messmer, minor; first annual settlement.
 - H. W. Wood, administrator Sue A. Bird, deceased; first annual settlement.
 - Samuel Clabaugh, guardian and curator Andrew Lee Divers, minor; first annual settlement.

- SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 19TH, 1892.
- Margaret C. Divers, guardian and curator Lula F. and Velma Divers, minors; first annual settlement.
 - George W. Barnett, guardian and curator, Eulalia Allin, minor; first annual settlement.
 - Phoebe Vaughan, guardian and curator, Leora and Fanny Vaughan, minors; first annual settlement.
 - R. N. Lower, guardian and curator, Mary L., Carrie C. and Jessie G. H. Lower, minors; first annual settlement.
 - Lucy DeLapp, guardian and curator, Jas. Joseph, John, Octavius and Hicksey DeLapp, minors; first annual settlement.
 - John R. Clopton, public guardian, Walter and Lottie Harris, minors; first annual settlement.
 - James H. Farley, guardian and curator, James E., Effie M. and Burton I. Farley, minors; first annual settlement.

- MONDAY NOVEMBER 21ST, 1892.
- William S. Allcorn, administrator Eliza Reed, deceased; first annual settlement.
 - A. P. Morey, curator Ida May Farar and John M. Fairley, minors; first annual settlement.
 - Jefferson D. Greer, administrator, Davis Greer, deceased; first annual settlement.
 - Missouri Trust Co. curator John Lix, Rosa Lix and Willie Lix, minors; first annual settlement.
 - George W. Close, guardian and curator Thomas J. Close, a minor; first annual settlement.
 - John G. Senior, administrator James Howard, deceased; first annual settlement.
 - William S. Allcorn, guardian and curator, Charles W., Annie M. and Edward J. Reed, minors; first annual settlement.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 22ND, 1892.

- William S. Cummings, guardian Lizzie Colwell, insane; first annual settlement.

J. W. WALKER,
Clerk of Probate Court.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, W. B. Brown and Rhoda C. Brown, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 10th day of September, 1887, and recorded in the recorder's office of Pettis county, Missouri, in trust deed and mortgage record, book 60, pages 12 and 13, conveyed to the undersigned trustee all their right, title, interest and estate in and to the following described real estate, situated in the county of Pettis and state of Missouri, that is to say, lots 1, 2 and 3 in block 6 in E. T. Brown's third addition to Sedalia, Missouri; also, lots 7 and 8 in block 4 of E. T. Brown's second addition to Sedalia, Missouri. Said conveyance was made to secure the payment of a certain promissory note or obligation in said deed fully described. Said note or obligation is signed by Eliza J. Brown as additional security.

And whereas, said deed provides in case default is made in the payment of the monthly dues, interest and bonus as the same becomes due and payable according to the tenor and effect of said note or obligation, or the taxes become due and the same are not paid, then said note or obligation shall immediately become due and payable. And whereas, default has been made in the payment of said dues, interest and bonus and the taxes are now due and unpaid on said real estate, by reason of which said note or obligation has become due and payable; and the same is now due and unpaid, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note or obligation, and in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust, I shall proceed to sell at public auction the above described real estate at the west front door of the court house in the county of Pettis, state aforesaid, to the highest bidder for cash, on

Tuesday, the 11th day of October, 1892, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, to satisfy said note, together with the costs and expenses of executing this trust.

W. F. HANSBERGER, Trustee.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that letters testament on the estate of Urias Gordon deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 20th day of November, 1890, by the probate court of Pettis county, Missouri.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the executrix, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they shall be forever barred. This 15th day of September, 1892.

CATHERINE GORDON, Executrix.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned administrator of the estate of John Kendrick, deceased, will make final settlement of his accounts with said estate as such administrator at the next term of the probate court of Pettis county, Missouri, to be held at Sedalia in said county, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1892.

S. A. KENDRICK,
Admr.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned executor of the last will and testament of James Glass, deceased, will make final settlement of his accounts with said estate as such executor at the next term of the probate court of Pettis county to be held at the city of Sedalia, in said county, on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1892.

MARTIN WELLER,
Administrator.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned executor of the last will and testament of James Glass, deceased, will make final settlement of his accounts with said estate as such executor at the next term of the probate court of Pettis county to be held at the city of Sedalia, in said county, on November 14th, 1892.

E. G. CASSIDY,
Executor.

To the Farmers.

We have a big line of winter goods, cloaks and jackets, men's, women's childrens underwear, blankets and woolen goods. Price our hosiery and cotton flannel before you buy. If good goods and low prices will bring pour patronage we have them. Come in and get prices and be convinced.

Guenther's 310 Ohio Street.

THE TWO NEW DEPOTS.

The "Katy" Improvements and Who Their Freight and Passenger Agents Will Be.

When the plans and specifications of the new M., K. & T. improvements were submitted to the city council several months ago for the purpose of securing a grant of unused land on Mill street it was stated semi-officially that the "Katy" would build a round house, freight depot, passenger depot, lay several miles of additional switch track and in many ways make improvements that would greatly enhance the interests of that road in this city.

It was then understood and has been ever since, the M., K. & T. making no effort to conceal the matter, that all freight and passenger connections would be completely severed from the Missouri Pacific by Jan. 1st, 1893, the time of the completion of the M., K. & E., the new branch into St. Louis.

Arrangements are being made for the erection of the new passenger depot which will be one worthy of a city many times the size of Sedalia. There have been many conjectures as to who the freight and passenger agents would be.

For freight agent the appointment of John W. Connor, now traveling freight agent, is said on undoubted authority to have already been made. This is a pleasure to this worthy gentleman's many friends and a worthy recognition of his fine business qualities and the ability with which he has served his road, even to the minutest details. A better man, one more thoroughly in touch with the business men of Sedalia and the entire state, could not have been appointed.

For passenger agent, the name of John B. Sneed, now traveling claim agent, has been significantly mentioned and his appointment by this time more than probably consummated. Sedalia is pleased to know that the officials of the M., K. & T. have seen fit to consider their wishes in appointing gentlemen who have made their success in this city. It is money in the pockets of the company to appoint these gentlemen, and it is to be congratulated upon its decision, John B. Sneed knows every baby, man, woman and child in Sedalia, and his good work for the company will be a most satisfactory test of his popularity.

IMPORTANT ADDITION.

The Missouri Pacific East Mail Will Carry Express Matter—Commences at Once.

The fast mail service from New York to the west is one of the greatest benefits that the government and the railways have ever given to the public. The business circles of the country have been immeasurably assisted and advanced, until now the fast mail system is regarded with such strong favor that it would be almost an impossibility to do without it.

While the fast mail has been a great assistance, yet the lack of a similar express service has been looked upon as the next most desired thing.

When the fast mail pulls out of St. Louis in the morning it will carry its first express crew. The demands of the public have been so urgent that the express and railway companies could

no longer ignore them. The letter of notification and the express matter itself will now reach the consignee together, on the line over which the fast mail passes.

The DEMOCRAT takes pleasure in informing its readers of so important a change.

The Adams Express Co., has charge of this particular service.

PEN FEATHERS

PLUCKED FROM MANY NEWSY EXCHANGES.

What People Do in Other Places and How They Make the Wheels of Time Turn Round.

The Green Ridge Enterprise has purchased a new press and a new supply of material and proposes to get a hustle on itself. The gentlemen deserve success.

A farmer near McCredie, Callaway county, has a pig four months old which has six fully developed feet and runs around like any other pig and is strong and healthy.—Ashland Bugle.

Young men who carry pistols to church and other public gatherings are laying themselves liable to a heavy fine.—Ashland Bugle. The toe of a good heavy boot is an excellent remedy.

The people of Nevada are vigorously engaged in studying the new fire signals, so many taps of the bell meaning anything and everything. A herd of cows is liable to stampede the town some day.

The Newspaper, at California, feels like "cussin'" over the way the Missouri Pacific treated those who wanted to attend the people's party rally at Sedalia. Some were given reduced rates and others made to pay full fare.

According to the Moberly Headlight, though rather ungallant, there was a red hot time in that city today: "The democrats on Saturday are to have a calvacade of three hundred white horses ridden by three hundred red-headed maidens."

The great corn cutting match of the century occurred recently on the farm of W. R. Jones, six miles north of Aurora. The field contained ninety-two acres, the prize offered was \$100, and forty men entered the contest and each man bet his day's wages, making \$183.55 as the grand prize. Clark Lewis was the winner, cutting 61 shocks, each shock containing 16 hills.

We were shown a curiosity a few days ago which is supposed to be a "horse hair snake." The reptile was caught in a puddle of water north of town by the railroad men at work there. It is 22 inches long, not much larger in circumference than a horse hair and looks almost exactly like one. Its head is neither larger nor smaller than the body, and its tail is forked. It was kept in a tin pail of water and was continually swimming around at a lively rate.—Fayette Advertiser.

Every country newspaper in the state has published at different times during the past month a clipping from the New York Herald which tells how to make "two delicious cakes." If the agony and tears that this one small item has caused could be known, there would be no question about the "power of the press." The young housewife who wants to excel Georgie's mother and the gushing, but marriageable girl who tries to surprise Will are said to be heartbroken.

The editor of the Windsor Review is "in the soup," metaphorically speaking—the frost fell on the pumpkin before the old subscriber brought in his load of green hickory poles—easy to cut. Here is the calamity: "Ice formed on water in this vicinity for the first time this fall last Saturday night. True, it was almost as thin as a newspaper man's pocket book, but nevertheless sufficient to show that Jack Frost had been about. There was also a heavy frost that night, and another on Sunday night."

Mr. C. E. Cole, of Buckner, Mo., has sent to this office plants of what he calls a domestic coffee berry, which he claims produces a valuable substitute for the coffee of commerce. It is a prolific bearer and can be grown at a cost of 1 cent per pound, exclusive of seed. Its culture is as easy as that of corn. It is subject to no insect pest and yielded for Mr. Cole thirty-eight bushels to the acre, planted in rows three feet apart and seed ten inches apart. Grows well on thin land is valuable as food for hogs.—Green Ridge Enterprise.

There is nothing like "mixing with the masses," and getting your hair full of hay seed occasionally. Even in aristocratic Fulton the Telegram says: "The editor of this paper took to the woods this week, and left the boys to work out their

NEW

DRY GOODS STORE!

We have just recently come in your midst and have leased the new CASSIDY BUILDING, 506 Ohio street, for a term of years and had it arranged to suit our fancy, and without a doubt we will have one of the most convenient, well lighted and best arranged dry goods stores in the city. But the best of all is our stock of goods. Our buyer has just returned from New York, where he has bought for spot cash a Twenty-five Thousand Dollar stock of Dry Goods and Cloaks. You will surely miss it if you buy before visiting us. We are new people among you, and we want you to come and see us and get acquainted.

Grand Opening the Latter Part of Next Week.

HAIL & WHITMORE.

OFFICIAL GUIDE

—TO THE—

World's Fair and Chicago

NOW READY.

What America and Every Nation in the World will Exhibit. Age of Columbus.

Nearly 500 pages. Elegantly printed. Handsomely bound. Superbly illustrated with magnificent representations of all the mammoth World's Fair Buildings. Each building a full page colored plate, executed in eight oil colors at a cost of nearly

Forty Thousand Dollars

Many photographic views of Chicago, including a superb bird's-eye view of the entire city, size 12x15 inches. Views of Chicago's "sky scrapers" buildings, Masonic Temple (21 stories high), street views, etc. Bird's-eye view of the Exposition Grounds, and buildings, in eight oil colors, size 9x12 inches. Scenery of a magnificence, revealing what will cost over twenty million dollars.

The book for the millions who contemplate visiting Chicago in 1893. It will be purchased by the millions who cannot go, but who desire to know just what their friends are seeing.

The Chance of a Life-Time!

Agents Wanted Act quickly and hundreds of dollars. You can make every town to circulate this book. Exclusive territory given. It sells at sight. Agents are meeting with unparalleled success. One agent sold 75 copies in two days. Another 150 in 9 days. Scores of agents are averaging \$10 to \$20 a day. Try it and see. Books on 30 days credit. Liberal terms. Write for full particulars, or to secure the agency instantly send only 75 cents for an elegant and complete canvassing outfit. Address,

ARCHIBALD & CO.,

509 Chestnut Street ST. LOUIS MO

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Caroline Coleman, by her certain deed of trust, dated the 10th day of September, 1880, and recorded in the recorder's office of Pettis county, in trust deed record 65, page 13, conveyed to John Baker, trustee, all her right, title, interest and estate, in and to the following described real estate situated in the county of Pettis, state of Missouri, viz:

Lot ten, [10] block ten [10] in Campbell's addition to the city of Sedalia, Missouri, which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust described, and whereas, the said note has become due and remains unpaid, and whereas, the said trustee, John Baker, refuses to act, now, therefore, in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I, Ellis R. Smith, sheriff of Pettis county, Missouri, shall proceed to sell the above described real estate at the west door of the court house in the city of Sedalia, in the county of Pettis, state of Missouri, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction on Thursday, the 27th day of October, 1892, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day to satisfy said note and interest and the cost of executing this trust.

ELLIS R. SMITH,
Sheriff of Pettis County, Mo.
Acting Trustee.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of Henry C. Sinnett, deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 12th day of October, 1892, by the probate court of Pettis county, Missouri.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the administratrix, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they shall be forever barred.

This 12th day of October, 1892.

JULIA SINNETT,

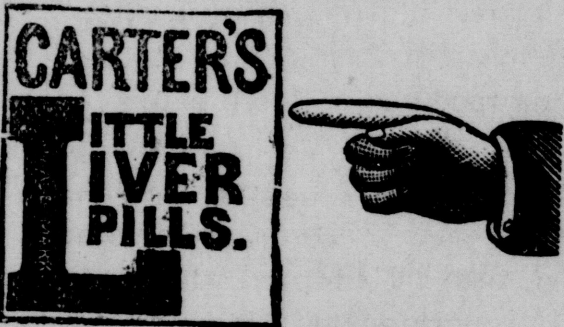
Administratrix.

Brother Wright Wants to Fight. Boonville people are badly spoiled in some respects. A few of them want the earth. It is already taken though. Some expect others to work for accommodation. They'll get left, too. Others like to scrap. The chances are in favor of their accommodation.—Boonville Star.

WANTED:

Someone in every school district in Pettis county to solicit subscriptions for the "Democrat." Correspondence solicited.

Read the DEMOCRAT.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the base of so many ills that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vial 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE

Sedalia Democrat

OLD SERIES, NEW SERIES,
Established 1868. Inaugurated 1891.

Published Daily Except Sunday by the
Sedalia Democrat Comp'y.

W. N. GRAHAM, P. B. STRATTON,
Pres. and Manager. Sec'y and Editor.

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Sedalia, Mo.

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Governor—W. J. STONE.

Lieutenant Governor—J. B. O'MEARA.
Secretary of State—A. A. LESUEUR.
Auditor—J. M. SEIBERT.

Treasurer—LON. V. STEPHENS.
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Sheriff—JAMES S. HOPKINS.
Collector—MICHAEL DOHERTY.

Treasurer—JOSEPH S. HUGHES.
County Attorney—W. D. STEELE.
Coroner—EMIL MUEHL.

Surveyor—T. O. STANLEY.
Assessor—J. M. LOGAN.
Administrator—J. R. CLOPTON.

Constable—W. D. WALLACE.

THE census bulletin just out gives
Missouri's population at 2,679,184.

JAMES S. HOPKINS will make a
a faithful and efficient sheriff. A
knowledge of this fact on the part
of the people makes his election a
certainty.

THERE will be a full vote polled
in New York City and Brooklyn,
and that means democratic success
in the state. Hill is a democrat
sure enough.

OUR sometimes esteemed morn-
ing contemporary is disposed to be
somewhat apologetic and explan-
atory as regards the "Warner dem-
ocrat" from Nevada.

THE people of Pettis county are
mighty well satisfied with the "court
house ring," as our morning con-
temporary calls the gentlemen who
are now holding office in this
county.

THE Missouri, Kansas and Texas
railroad has divided \$5,000 among
the families of the Coffeyville men
who lost their lives fighting the Dal-
tons. The relief fund at this time
amounts to \$10,975.

MIKE DOHERTY has been faithful
as a public servant. No man can
say he has failed to do his duty like
a man, and when the people come
to vote they will decide that he de-
serves their endorsement.

THE esteemed Gazette is not half
as confident of the success of the
local republican ticket as it was of
its party success in the city last
spring. Everybody knows how
badly that paper was mistaken then.

AND so the little scheme of the
republican managers to push Col.
Boyd off of the track for state
senator would not work. The third
party candidate had a narrow es-
cape, but the prompt exposure of
the scheme of the republican lead-
ers defeated the plan.

THE Gazette thought the negro
who committed the assault last
winter had "placed himself beyond
the pale of what are called laws" and
should be burned at the stake. The
last victim of this kind of crime,
however, being a poor German
working girl, the Gazette thinks that
to even suggest hanging as a pun-
ishment for the crime should cause
a man to be ostracized.

No democrat in Missouri is mak-
ing a more manly, eloquent and
effective campaign for the party in
this state than Hon. Dick Dalton.
This gentleman will address the
voters of Pettis county in this city
on the night of the 29th. Let us
give him the reception his eminent
services deserve. Let us give him
an audience in keeping with his

eloquence and zeal in behalf of
good government. He is not a
candidate but a private citizen
zealous in support of those prin-
ciples whose success will bring the
greatest degree of prosperity to the
whole people. Let every neighbor-
hood in Pettis county turn out to
hear him and let us make it the
largest local gathering of the cam-
paign.

WHY THE DIFFERENCE?

Ever since the mob here the other
night, when citizens of the com-
munity in the excitement of the
moment and hot with the indigna-
tion which every man felt at the
contemplation of the dastardly
crime that had been attempted upon
the person of a poor working girl,
organized to visit summary punish-
ment upon the criminal, the Gazette,
the republican organ, has been at-
tempting to make political capital
out of the affair. In its issue of
Saturday the Gazette said:

"Pettis county will not place in
office any man who openly advoca-
tes mob law. This is a pointer for
one candidate, at least, on the
democratic county ticket."

In a later issue the same paper
says:

"The people of Pettis county are
not advocates of mob law, nor will
they place in office any man who
is."

Readers of the DEMOCRAT will re-
member that a few months ago a
fiendish outrage of the same kind
was perpetrated upon another Sed-
alia lady, and upon that occasion
this same Gazette said:

"No mercy will be shown to the
brute, if he is caught. There is no
talk about hanging but the cry is
"burn him at the stake." A little of
Texarkana is needed here." This
morning when the news of the hor-
rible deed breaks upon the people
of this city the excitement cannot
go much higher than at its present
stage, and retributive justice will
fall with a swift force upon the brute
who has put himself beyond the
protection of what are called laws."

Now why this change of tone on
the part of the Gazette?

Is it because the victim last Feb-
ruary was a wealthy and highly con-
nected lady and the one the other
day only a poor German working
girl?

Have we come to this, that a
black brute who commits this class
of crimes upon a wealthy white
lady "has placed himself beyond
the pale of what are called laws,"
and should be burned, but at the
time men are to be ostracized for
even wanting to hang a fiend who
has attempted a similar outrage
upon a poor girl?

Shame upon a journal that will
make such a difference between
wealth and poverty!

Shame upon a journal which pro-
fesses to believe in equal rights and
equal consideration for all, that will
show this difference.

Far better would it have been
had the Gazette, like the people of
Sedalia, been grateful that a con-
flict between Sedalians had been
prevented, and been content to
have let the affair rest, rather than
to keep it alive for political pur-
poses.

A NEW ROAD LAW.

When the legislature assembles
next January one of the first im-
portant questions to demand atten-
tion will be the formulation of a
law to improve the public highways
of the state. This question has been
fully discussed during the summer
and has received a good share of
attention since the campaign
opened. All parties agree, says the
Jefferson City Tribune, that some
method must be adopted which will
result in permanent improvement.
The most important feature con-
nected with all suggestions is the
money. Radical changes must be
made in the road law and addi-
tional revenue must be secured.
The present levy of 10 cents on the
\$100 is barely sufficient to keep the
old roads passable, to say nothing
of improvements.

It is plain to all that the first
thing to be provided is an increased
levy for road purposes, and this can
only be accomplished by an
amendment to the constitution.
There are other ways, it is true, by
which an indebtedness may be in-
curred, but this will never be made
general and has only been adopted
by very few counties in the state.

It will be discovered, after the
legislature has had the matter un-
der advisement a few weeks, that
it is much easier to talk about the

advantages of good roads than to
devise means for securing the same,
however desirous the legislature
may be to do so. Judg-
ing from past experiences, it
would probably be better for the
two houses to appoint a joint com-
mittee to consider this matter and
endeavor to formulate a law that
will meet the requirements of the
public. There will be a multiplicity
of ideas and probably some
novel suggestions, because the peo-
ple have been doing considerable
thinking since the last assembly ad-
journed. One plan certain to be
suggested will be the employment
of convict labor. This will
meet with opposition, as doubtless
will every bill offered, but the law-
makers should bear in mind that it
is their duty to improve the pres-
ent miserable road system.

Money expended in making
good roads is always a paying in-
vestment.

The man who comes to the legis-
lature with the determination that
he will have his views adopted or
none at all can best serve the pub-
lic by remaining at home. This is
a question that covers too much
ground for one man to do all the
ranking and to make all the sug-
gestions required.

WHICH HORN?

Every protection paradox, says
the New York World, presents a
sharp-horned dilemma.

If the tariff is not a tax how can
it produce revenue?

If taxing an article tends to make
it cheaper, how does it enable the
manufacturer to pay higher wages?

If the tariff has raised wages, thus
adding to the cost of protection,
how can prices be lower?

When the price of farm produce
went up under McKinleyism how
could the cost of living go down?
Now that the price of foodstuffs is
going down, is the cost of living
rising again?

If our imports have increased, as
the protectionists now boast, how
has the tariff secured the home mar-
ket to our manufacturers or pro-
tected wage-earners against the
competition of pauper labor abroad?

If our manufacturers can, as the
statistics show, produce many staple
articles more cheaply than they can
be made abroad, why do they need
a high tariff?

If high tariffs make high wages,
why are wages in Germany and in
France so much lower than in
England?

Finally, as we have often asked
without an answer, if the foreigner
pays the duty, why did McKinley
leave the treasury so short of
money?

These questions present several
interesting dilemmas. Which horn
of them will the protectionists
choose?

TIME FOR WORK.

There is work for every democ-
rat in Pettis county between now
and the evening of November 8th.

Pettis county is the peculiar field
in which it is given to Pettis county
democrats to labor, and it is here
that their efforts will be most ef-
fective. The candidates are all
nominated, and on the democratic
ticket from president to constable
there is not the name of a man who
is either unworthy or unfit for the
office for which he is named.

Neither is there a candidate on
that ticket but who can be, and
will be, elected if men who profess
fealty to democratic principles do
their duty.

It is for a clean, positive, decisive
majority for every man on the ticket
that democrats should labor; and to
bring this about, it is only neces-
sary that the full party vote be
brought out, and that the wavering
members of other parties be made
to see that it is best for the general
public that democracy shall suc-
ceed.

Every democrat has an influence
that he can wield for the good of
the party and the good of the
country if he will do it.

In the first place every man who
desires the success of democratic
principles should make a point to
see as many neighbors of like faith
as he can and induce them to be at
the voting place early on the morn-
ing of the election and there put
in the day working for the whole
ticket.

This is a work that must not be
neglected; it is one that the candi-
dates cannot perform; political bat-

ties have been lost by carelessness;
party tickets have been defeated
because a few voters here and there
remained at home on election day.

Let us have none of this in Pettis
county this year.

Democracy is now withstanding
the last desperate assault of its
hereditary enemies, and let Pettis
county present an unbroken front.

Then there is another kind of
work that will tell during the last
week before the election.

If you know of a neighbor who is
wavering in his support of the re-
publican party, or who has grown
tired of being taxed to make some
other man rich, go to see him, and,
as one honest man to another, ask
him to help you free yourself and
him from the clutches of the party
of class favoritism and monopoly.
Make it plain to him that his inter-
est as well as yours will be con-
served by the election of the whole
democratic ticket, and then go with
him to the polls on election day and
encourage him to do "missionary
work with others."

This kind of work in every neigh-
borhood in Pettis county will add
largely to the vote of the party
ticket and insure the election of
every man who is put forward as a
democratic nominee.

GREAT IDEAS.

The following paragraph is from
President Harrison:

"I am one of those uninstructed
political economists that have an
impression that some things may be
too cheap; that I can not find my-
self in full sympathy with this de-
mand for cheaper goods, which
seems to me necessarily to involve
a cheaper man and woman under
the coat."

This in defense of a system
which taxes the necessities of life
to build up colossal fortunes in the
hands of a favored few.

The following companion piece
is from Jay Gould:

"If the tariff on wool makes
clothing cost more, a person will
get along with one suit where he
would otherwise have two."

And, we presume, the man who
has only been able to afford one
suit would be advised to get along
without any.

Or the man who has been able to
just comfortably clothe a family of
six would be advised to reduce the
number to three.

Such stuff and nonsense is dished
out to the working people of this
country as political economy, and
as the ground on which the republi-
can party asks a larger lease of
power.

THE hoodlum who threw a rock
through the car window at Gov.
McKinley the other day in West
Virginia committed a despicable
crime which will be denounced by
every good citizen. The crime,
however, was not one whit meaner
than that of a newspaper which at-
tempts to connect the people of a
whole section of the country with
the cowardly act. The individual
hoodlum who throws rocks at gen-
tlemen traveling through the coun-
try and the hoodlum newspaper
which slanders a whole people,
both deserve a close acquaintance
with the whipping post.

JUDGE R. E. FERGUSON is making
a clean, manly canvass of his dis-
trict, and is growing more popular
with the voters of Pettis county
every day. He is modest and un-
assuming in his manners, but a man
of strong convictions when acting
on the line of duty. He is always
ready to listen to his constituents
and is courteous and treats all alike,
and one and all say he has served
the county faithfully. It would be well
for the voters to see to it that Judge
Ferguson is re-elected for another
term.

THE democrats are making a
splendid campaign in Missouri and
the effect is felt all over the state.
The recent address of Hon. A. A.
Lesueur giving a complete history
of legislation in the interest of la-
boring men in this state is one of
the most conclusive arguments ever
made in support of the proposition
that the democratic party is and has
always been the real party of the
people.

WITH nothing at all to urge in
favor of their own candidate, the
republican managers are driven to
resort to the silly story that Hon.
Robert Prigmore lives in Saline
county. Of course the men who
circulate the falsehood know it is
false, but they do it to deceive the

In Our Carpet Department!

We are showing better values than usual in all lines.
Carpets, Matting, Oilcloths, Linoleums, Port-
eries, Lace Curtains and other Draperies. Full
line of Rugs and House Furnishings.

John : Walmsley : & : Co.
223 Ohio Street.

Capital \$1,000,000. Shares \$100 Each.

OFFICERS and DIRECTORS.

John N. Dalby, President; H. C. Demuth, Vice

President; J. E. Ritchey, Secretary; Third Na-

tional Bank, Treasurer; W. S. Shirk, General

Attorney; E. C. Mason, Superintendent Agencies

J. H. Bothwell, John D. Crawford, Jas. Glass and

B. W. Zimmerman.

Four classes of stock issued each month. In-

stallment, partial pre-paid, pre-paid dividend

and full paid eight per cent. coupon stock.

Money to Loan at 5 and 6 per cent. on

farm or city property

Office 114 East Second St.

MISSOURI.

W. T. HUTCHINSON, President.

ADAM ITTEL, Cashier.

JOHN D. CRAWFORD, Vice-President

WM. H. POWELL, Jr., Asst. Cashier

No. 1071.

Citizens' National Bank,

SEDALIA, MISSOURI. (Established 1872.)

Cash Capital, paid in, \$100,000.00.

Surplus fund, 35,000.00.

A general banking business transacted. Collections receive prompt attention

Liberal accommodations to depositors.

DIRECTORS: W. H. Powell, John J. Yeater, J. D. Crawford, S. H. Beiler, W. T.

Hutchinson, F. B. Meyer, N. N. Parberry, I. W. Perdue, Wm. H. Powell, Jr.

MISSOURI TRUST COMPANY

Capital, Paid in, \$200,000.

Surplus, 35,000.

ACTS AS ADMINISTRATOR, EXECU-

tor, Guardian, Curator, Assignee, Re-

ceiver and Trustee. Accepts and exe-

cutes Trusts of all kinds, whether created

by will or under appointment of court.

DEALER in investment securities. Loans money on real estate. Safe deposit boxes for

rent. Custodian of wills and other valuable papers. "NICKEL SAVINGS STAMP

BOOKS" Stamps can be found at the following places: August T. Fleischmann, Chris

Hye, C. Eckhoff, Charles S. Dexter, Overstreet and Williams, C. S. Dontright, O. S. Smith, W.

H. Ramsey. FIVE PER CENT INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS.

Directors: O. A. Crandall, Pres't; F. A. Sampson, Vice Pres't; G. L. Faulhaber, Treas'r;

F. E. Hoffman, Sec'y; Henry Lamm, Chris Hye, R. H. Moses, J. W. Murphy, W. T. Hutchinson

Cor. Fourth & Ohio Sts. SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF

FURNITURE!

—AT—

COLLINS & FARNHAM'S

Is to be Closed Out, CHEAP

FOR CASH!

WE have a full stock of Furniture all first-class, and it goes for no reason only the want

of money. This is an Opportunity of a Lifetime! Don't Miss It!

We mean business, for in the future we intend to make the Undertaking Depart-

ment Our Specialty! Don't miss the place, 116 and 118 W. Second st.

Ramsey's old stand. Telephone 123.

COLLINS & FARNHAM.

Everybody's Voting,

Whoever is elected isn't of half as much

importance to the working and earning peo-

ple as the question as to where is to be had

the most value for their hard earned dollar.

Those who know us say we solve the ques-

tion every time. Here are a few examples.

Carpers from 12½

Window Shades, 25.

Lace Curtains, 65.

Chenille " \$5.00.

" table covers, 1.00

Rugs, 50c.

And everything else in pro-

portion. we make the best

window shades in the United States. Drop in and see for

yourselves.

Sedalia Carpet Company,

CORNER THIRD AND LAMINE.

voters. They virtually admit that

the only qualification the republican

candidate for representative pos-

sesses is that he lives in Pettis

country.

COFFEYVILLE wants a detail of

soldiers to keep the Dalton gang

away. The gang will not bother

Coffeyville as long as that dead-

shot liveryman remains in town.

A BUST of Cleveland is being

made by a sculptor. The bust of

Harrison is being made by the vo-

tters of the country and will be com-

pleted by November 8th.

THE states of Illinois, Iowa, Kan-

sas and Nebraska have all tried re-

publican rule and grown weary of

the misfortunes it brought them.

Why should sensible, intelligent,

The Reason You Should Go To MINTER DRY GOODS COMPY

The Following Prices Will Tell:

The Best Calico
worth 7 1-2. 5c
Yard Wide Bleached
Cotton, soft fin-
ish, worth 7 1-2. 5c
Unbleached Cotton at
never sold for 4 1-2
less than 6 1-2. 4 1-2c

Good Canton Flannel
others get 6 1-2c
for same qual- 4 1-2c
ity
Splendid Cheviot 5c
worth 7 1-2c
Jeans that others
sell for 35c, for 23c

Genuine Buckskin Gloves at \$1.00,
(Lined or Unlined) never sold for
less than \$1.50. Ask to see them.
10-4 White Blankets 98c a pair,
regular \$1.25 quality. 10-4 Gray
Blankets at 79c a pair, would be
cheap at \$1.00.

Heavy gray twilled flannel 15c worth 20c.
All wool red twilled flannel 23c cheap at 30c.
See our all wool western flannels at 30c regular 40c quality.

Heavy red twilled flannel at 18 and 20c, ask to see them.
Good white domet flannel at 6 1-4c, would be cheap at 10c.
We lead in low prices on better grades.

The Very Best Feather Ticking for only 14c, see it.

Fast colors red table linen 18c
Fast colors red table linen at 25c.
Oil red, 2 yards wide at 60c
This table linen is worth \$1.

For corsets from 25c up no house show such good values. For dress goods at a great saving of money see our price. Cloaks cheap, shawls cheap. See our stock of Furs and get our price.

Minter Dry Goods Co. 318 & 320
SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

NO TARIFF ON CORN JUST YET.

The Mexican Government Extends
the Time for Same Until February 1, 1893.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 19.—The traffic department of the San Antonio & Aransas Pass railway today received authoritative information from the City of Mexico that the date when the date on Mexican tariff on corn will again become effective has been postponed from November 4th to February 1st. The tariff was suspended last summer during the drought, for the relief of the starving poor. Since then the state and national governments have been importing corn from the United States and selling it at cost to the people or distributing it gratis where the people were too poor to pay for it. The rush of corn into Mexico to fill this demand and the orders of speculators has blockaded the roads entering the republic at Eagle Pass, Laredo and El Paso, 7,000,000 bushels having entered the country through these points during the last four weeks. The further suspension of the tariff is made necessary by the distressed condition of the poor in many parts of Mexico.

of country towns astray, speaks of the real course of their downfall in the following lines:

"But he noticed one trait about all of them that impressed him deeply and set him to thinking. It was this: In every case they were buxom and pretty, but so poorly educated as to unfit them for the serious business of life.

As the reporter closed his study of the trade of the procuress and wended his way sorrowfully homeward, one comforting idea lingered in his mind and beat at the doors of his heart. Here it is:

"The sole remedy for immorality is education."

And he might have gone further.

Education is no test of morality nor, in most instances, the absolute safeguard which it is regarded by many people. A mind not tempered by religious impulses is like a harp which gives forth no music from its trembling strings. You can be a theosophist or a shouting Methodist; it matters not the form. In fact, form should not be considered; it should be religion, not creeds.

Harmony—Get Together.

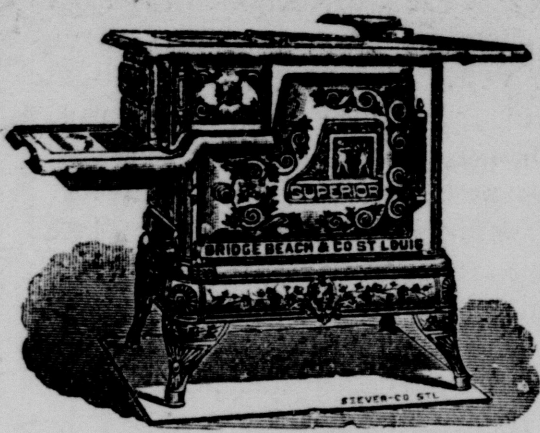
Myron W. Reed.

When men understand one another, they come together and stay together. There is a happy harmony. The great need of the world at all times is more light, more intelligence. The orator thinks that his thought is too high for the people. That is a mistake. There is no thought too lofty or too large for a country school house. So Paul talked to all sorts and conditions—soldiers, sailors, slaves, philosophers, priests and kings. He never changed the high grade of his thought. He changed his way of putting it. In language he was all things to all men. Matthew Arnold explains that the seven centuries of trouble between England and Ireland is purely misunderstanding; the one race does not know the other—they are divided by temperament. When England gives anything the manner of giving spoils the gift; it irritates and humiliates. The hearts of men must come to sympathy.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfer was filed in the recorder's office today.

Chas. P. Weyant and wife to W. R. Finnell: Part of block 16 in McVey's addition. \$700.



Hardware, Stoves,
Tinware and cutlery
Everything in Our
LINE
Sign of Big Acorn,
HOFFMAN BROS. 305 OHIO STREET.
SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

COULD FURNISH A PALACE.

So Magnificent is the Stock of a
Prominent Sedalia Business
House.

It is seldom that a writer has so agreeable a task as that of describing the great queensware and glassware house of D. I. Holcomb. So inexhaustive and complete in every detail is the stock and appointments of his store that one could write a book and then fail to describe all the things worth seeing.

His business in its entirety is 307 feet long and has a fronting on both Main and Second streets, the upper floors being continuously connected by a large archway. This arrangement gives the immense space of 27,400 square feet of flooring.

The Main street floor, No. 113, is filled mostly with house furnishing goods, such as willow ware, baskets, tables, baby buggies, chairs, etc. The wooden ware is extensive, and includes everything that could possibly be needed in a household. The novelties in this department are so numerous that nothing short of a visit will give one an adequate idea of it.

It is to the store, No. 114 West Second street, that one turns with more than ordinary interest. Are you a lover of art? Do you admire the most exquisite perfection of color, shape and execution? If you are, a visit to this department will well repay you. The collection of cut glass, decorated china, fancy, bisque figures, etc., has never been equaled before in Sedalia. There are over 200 different designs of hanging lamps, all of them beautiful and highly ornamental.

As the winter nights come on, nothing can add more to the cheerfulness of the fireside than a good lamp. The piano, students' and banquet lamps are of the latest designs. The silverware and table cutlery is of the finest quality and is sold at inviting prices. Over 100 styles of dinner sets, valued at 10 to 125 dollars, afford an easy selection. Mr. Holcomb and his clerks are always ready and glad to show you through the store and you should not fail to call.

A BIG SURPRISE.

A "Democrat" Reporter Knocked
Out by Low Prices and Big
Bargains.

A DEMOCRAT reporter in making his rounds the other day, called in to S. G. Gold's mammoth furniture store, and he was terribly surprised at the wonderful bargains offered by that enterprising gentleman.

The handsomest bed-room suits, the beautiful parlor sets, the easy chairs that make a man long to seat himself in them for a rest, the pretty pictures, framed elegantly, and everything that adds loveliness and comfort to a home, was there in profusion. The prices the above articles are sold at by Mr. Gold would surprise anyone. It is well worth anyone's time to call and look through this mammoth establishment when in the city, as they are always sure of a welcome from the genial proprietor.

A BIG SUIT.

Mrs. Frank Meade Wants \$25,000
Damages for the Death of
Her Husband.

The lamentable death of Conductor Frank Meade is recalled by the filing of a damage suit to-day by his widow through her attorneys, O. H. Hoss, of Nevada, and Sangree & Lamm, of this city.

Mrs. Meade wants \$25,000 damages and claims that her husband's death was caused by unsound and defective buildings. The defendants are John A. Taylor and Mrs. Mary Roberts of Nevada. The case will come up at the November circuit court.

MISS GRUBER BETTER.

The Terrible Manner in Which the
Young Woman Was Beaten By
the Negro Pettie.

Miss Fannie Gruber, the young lady who was assaulted by Wm. Pettie, the would-be negro rapist, last week, is reported much improved and able to be about her room.

A DEMOCRAT reporter learned from Dr. W. C. Overstreet, her physician, that the young woman was maltreated in an even worse manner than was at first supposed. Miss Gruber was unable to sleep

for 48 hours after her terrible experience and during that time suffered the most intense internal agony from nervous excitement. The strongest anodynes and narcotics failed to produce any effect. Her right eye was closed and so remained for four days. Her throat swelled until she was unable to swallow even water. It was blackened and discolored and the prints of the brute's fingers where he grasped her on either side of the neck when choking her were plainly visible. She also suffered intense pain from a blow received on her right side.

A NOVELTY.

St. Louis Introduces a Novel System
of Postal Delivery—Street
Car Mail Service.

The Globe-Democrat says that on Monday the much-talked-of street railway mail car service was inaugurated on the St. Louis and suburban railway. This is the first movement of the kind in the world, the only thing like it being in Berlin, where there is a system of horse and wagon delivery routes. The car, which was constructed at the expense of the St. Louis and Suburban company, is almost an exact miniature of the regular railway mail car, about the only point of difference being the absence of the big hook for catching up mail bags. It is 16 feet long, and the interior is arranged so as to admit of sacking, distributing, and postmarking, and will be in charge of a regular postal clerk.

The carriers will meet the cars at stations, their mails will be handed out and carried over the route. Letters collected will be turned into the sub-station and sorted. Those for further west will be placed on the car and carried on to the nearest substation, where the carrier there will deliver it immediately. Thus it will be seen that letters from down town can be delivered in about forty-five minutes, while a letter originating in the neighborhood of Vandeventer avenue and Morgan street can be delivered in Cabanne, Chamberlain Park, or anywhere in that neighborhood in from fifteen to thirty minutes. Coming back, the car will pick up mail for distribution in the central part of the city, and carry it back. The trips in and out of the post office that the carrier heretofore has had to make will be saved. At the Franklin avenue substation five carriers make their headquarters, at Vandeventer and Morgan four, and at Cabanne five. The system makes no extra expense to the department, the cost being fully made up by the value of time saved.

KENTUCKY UNION GOES SECOND.

The Little Mare Beaten by Directum
in a Fast Race at Nashville,
Tennessee.

A dispatch from Nashville, Tenn., says that yesterday again sensational racing was in order at Cumberland park, and another world's record was lowered two seconds. This was in the stake race for 3-year-olds, it being the first meeting of the cracks, Directum 2:13 1/4, and Kentucky Union 2:14 3/4. The betting was heavy, Directum being the favorite. At the word both rushed away, head and head, the pace to the quarter being 32 1/4, and the half was reached in 1:04 3/4. This clip was too fast for the filly, and she broke badly, Directum winning in a jog. Time—2:15. The second and third heats were battles royal, but Directum won the third heat in 2:11 1/4, thus reducing the race record for his age two seconds.

There were 12 starters but the race was too swift and two were distanced in the first heat and one in the second. The race was a 2:35 class, stake \$7,500, 3-year-old, \$1,500 reserved for consolation purse.

Hal pointer easily defeated Guy in the mile dash, pacing the mile in 2:04 1/2, thus lowering his own record. Many outside watches made it faster.

The events for to-day include an effort by Nancy Hanks, 2:04, to beat her own record, and the 2:19 stake race, in which Martha Wilkes, 2:08, and Kremlin, the winner at Lexington, will meet for the first time.

1856.

Wm. Beck & Co.

1892

Corner Second and Osage Streets, Sedalia, Missouri.

WE TAKE pleasure to announce to our friends that we bought our goods for the fall trade at such low figures, that we can offer genuine bargains in cotton and woolen goods, ladies and childrens cloaks. Our boot and shoe department is complete and prices low. Mens and boys overcoats and clothing cheaper than ever. We make a leader in groceries and buy country produce. Come and see us.

WM. BECK & CO.

SEDALIA - ELEVATOR.

S. T. LUPE, Proprietor.

Would say to farmers, grain dealers, and consumers,

First, That I am buying at the highest market price, wheat, corn, with or without shuck, oats and flax seed.

Second, I am prepared to store grain by grade or in special bin, to parties wishing to hold or ship on their own account, and I issue regular warehouse receipts for same which are negotiable at any of the banks.

To buyeas shipping at other points I offer the best improved machinery for cleaning and reloading in transit.

Third, To the trade, and to consumers I offer bran, shipstuff, shorts, screenings, ground feed, hay and grain at regular market prices, and to all I offer good goods and honest service, asking only a trial to justify my claims to, and secure your patronage. Soliciting correspondence, I am,

Very truly yours,

S. T. Lupe.

The Waiter Turned the Tables.

From the Detroit Free Press.

The young man from the country took his green necktie and his best girl into a restaurant on Woodward avenue, and like some young men when the girls are around he was disposed to be facetious at the waiter's expense.

"Waiter," he said, "bring me a broiled elephant."

"Yassir," replied the waiter, perfectly unmoved.

"And, waiter, bring it on toast."

"Yassir."

Then he stood there like a statue for a minute.

"Well," said the young man, "are you going to bring it?"

"Yassir."

"Why don't you, then?"

"Orders is, sir, dat we has to get pay in advance for elephants, sir."

Elephants on toast, sir, am \$18,000.25; if you take it wid out toast, sir, it am only \$18,000, sir."

The waiter never smiled, but the girl did, and the young man "climbed down."

"Old Glory" in Fire in the Sky.

From the Chicago Tribune.

One of the most novel and brilliant features in Friday night's fireworks display will be a star spangled banner floating in the heavens. It is an easy task to make a set piece in the shape and colors of the American flag, but to make one float in the skies was something that bothered the pyrotechnists. As a final resort it was decided that the only way to do this was by means of a balloon and consequently Baldwin, the aeronaut, has been engaged and will have a balloon at each park where the fireworks will be given. At Washington park he will make the ascent himself. Suspended from the car at a distance of forty feet will be a frame 300 feet long and 100 feet wide, made with thirteen strips of fireworks in the national colors, with the union of blue and forty-four stars in the corner. As this massive piece makes its ascent it will be brilliantly lighted on the outer edge of the frame and when it reaches an altitude of 2,000 feet Baldwin will light the flash fuse that will put the whole frame in a blaze.

Ho for Sedalia!

From Colman's Rural World.

The best has been reserved until the last and the fleetest horses and the fastest trotters ever seen in Missouri have been provided by the Sedalia Fair association to come off during the five days commencing Tuesday, Oct. 25th inst. Not only will they offer an average of \$2,500 a day in purses and stakes, but will bring Martha Wilkes, 2:08, to the meeting on Wednesday and Nancy Hanks, 2:04, on Thursday, with a view to showing the world what may be done over their new kite track, and the good people of the west, of the entire west, the fastest horses in the world. The bit of

enterprise, we have seen it stated, will cost the association another \$12,000, and we have no reason to doubt it. For the other fourteen races during the five days, the purses offered are \$500 each, except one, that for two-year-olds is \$300. Now, may they have grand weather and more people on the track every day than ever sleep within the city limits over night.

Facts for Farmers to Ponder Over.

Bloomington Pa. Columbian.

A farmer ought to consider how this tariff of McKinley works against him. It cuts off competition in farming implements here, and the manufacturer who sends a horse rake into the South American market and sells it for \$19 charges \$25 for it here. The Cumming feed cutter is sold in South America for \$60 and here for \$90; the Clipper cutter is sold in South America for \$9.50 and here for \$18; the Ann Arbor cutter No. 1 is sold in South America for \$16 and here for \$28, and No. 2 is sold in South America for \$40. These are a few of the frauds the McKinley tariff practices on the farmer.

Fell from His Chair.

City Collector V. P. Hart was taken suddenly ill last Sunday and for a time his family feared that he would not recover. He was sitting in a chair when without any warning he fell to the floor in an unconscious condition. A physician was called and it required considerable effort to bring Mr. Hart around again. He is all right now, however, and it is to be hoped that he will never repeat the performance.

Doble Has Entered Other Horses.

The entries for the October races next week are fully as promising as those which developed into such a rattling go at the summer meeting. The classes are well filled, and a great time will be had. Bud Doble, the famous driver of the still more famous Nancy Hanks, has entered several horses.

Third Party Ticket.

Mr. The. Behrens, chairman of the county committee, filed the third party certificate of nominations of county officers to-day. There were candidates for all offices to be filled except judge of the western district and county surveyor.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of Susan A. Wood, deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 10th day of October, 1892, by the probate court of Pettis county, Missouri. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to the administrator, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they shall be forever barred.

This 19th day of October, 1892.

NEWTON WOOD,
CLIFFTON WOOD,
Administrators.

The Cry of the World.

A reporter on the St. Louis Mirror after making the rounds of St. Louis investigating the methods of women who lead the young girls

A RUBBER TRACK.

WILL GO A MILE IN TWO MINUTES.

A Description of the One Proposed at Independence, Ia.—The Success of Its Builder.

The St. Louis *Chronicle* of yesterday contains a lengthy article descriptive of C. W. Williams, the great Independence, Ia., horseman and his new rubber track upon which he is confident that a mile can be made easily in two minutes.

Mr. Williams is of medium height, well knit but not heavy, has dark hair, gray blue eyes and a strong face. He is quick of speech, emphatic, but not arbitrary, dearly loves a joke, but will permit no monkey business on business matters. He is secretive in his plans, but the people of Independence do not question his judgment. In 1875 he was driving a milk wagon in Chicago; now he is worth several hundred thousand dollars and owns half of Independence. Upon his Rush Park breeding farm were raised Axtel and Allerton.

For several years he has dreamed about a race track that would be superior to that of dirt and finally hit upon making one of rubber. He secured a large quantity of the broadest and heaviest rubber machinery belting that could be got, and forming it into a stretch of temporary track, made extensive experiments by driving upon it and over it at full speed, and timing and watching the movements of Allerton and other high-spiced animals upon it. Those experiments were satisfactory. "Rubber is the coming track," said Mr. Williams, "and I'll be in it at the birth."

Three distinct forms of rubber paving have been suggested and these have many variations. The first is square blocks. Some of these have slightly corrugated tops like the surface of the old style washboards. The corrugation is designed to give more spring to the track and to prevent all slipping. Others of these blocks are smooth on the surface and hollowed out like an inverted saucer on the bottom. This gives extra spring and the hollow at the bottom will hold the block in place, creating a vacuum as the weight of horse or sulky is removed from it, after pressing part of the air out of the concave disc at the bottom. These blocks vary in size from 8 to 18 inches square, while some are oblong. In thickness they run from 2 to 5 inches.

The second form is in long strips which extend entirely across the track. These, like the blocks, vary in having corrugated or intersected grooves and smooth surfaces. Some of the samples shown have concave bottoms, closed at the ends. These strips vary in width from 18 inches to 3 feet and in thickness from 2 to 4 inches.

The second form is in sheets, which, like the strips, extend entirely across the track. They are smooth on the surface and bottom and have an air-space interior which is blown up by a bellows after they are placed in position. These sheets are 24 inches wide and as long, of course, as the track is wide. They are three inches thick, having 1 inch of rubber top and bottom and 1 inch of air-space between.

The rubber track will have these advantages: Its perfectly level surface will enable the horse to know just at what point his foot will touch. It will prevent all stumbling. Its uniform pliability will give a horse confidence. It will never become slippery, a most desirable feature, which, aside from augmenting the confidence of the horse, will greatly reduce the risk of injury to valuable animals when driven at a terrific gait.

A rubber track can be used the instant a rain ceases, and crowds who attend races will not often be disappointed, for races can take place between showers. A horse can be driven on a rubber track without shoes. This is a wonderful advantage, for many horses are ruined in shoeing, and no horse-shoer, no matter how well versed he may be in his art, can so shoe a horse that he will travel as natural as with bare feet. The feet can be trimmed so as to aid the horse much more than does the shoe by his different devices. At best the iron and steel shoes will give way to leather or rubber sandals.

The pneumatic tire largely prevents the sulky from slewing and dragging, thus reducing the pull on the horse. The rubber track will still further reduce this, and together they will remove all tremor from the shafts and from the driver's hands holding the reins, hence the perfect smoothness of everything will be so soothing to a high-bred horse's nerves that with the addition

of absolute security of footing, his entire mind, nerves and muscle will be centred on the one object, greater speed.

The question of what kind of a foundation to place underneath the rubber paving is also being considered, but the probabilities are that it will be granitoid or concrete, made from ground granite or limestone rock and cement, forming the same smooth, hard surface as that of the new concrete sidewalks in progressive towns.

BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS.

The "Dundee" Addition to the City of Sedalia—Valuable Residence Property.

The many fine residences in the western part of the city, the elegant shade trees, the fine streets and the continual improvement of grounds and construction of new residences has long made that portion of the city a most desirable one in which to live.

The electric street railway has made it easily accessible and given additional value to the property.

Engineer Zoll and his assistants have surveyed and mapped out a little suburban city to be known as "Dundee" place. The ground is equally owned by Richard T. Gentry and Charles Minter and is situated immediately west of Association park. The addition is laid out into boulevards and avenues and when completed will have an electric street railway passing through it.

A more desirable residence property is hard to find. The land swells in gentle undulations to the west and in all parts is well drained. It is high and in an exceedingly healthful position. An abundance of clear, sparkling water can be easily secured, entirely free from the dangers of water found in the heart of the city.

"Dundee" place is an ideal one. To the south and west the hills lie sleeping under the October sun with their summits tinged with the blue haze of Indian summer; the white farm houses gleam in the distance and give a restful sense of rural quietness. To the north can be seen higher hills and the rushing trains, too far for sound, of the Missouri Pacific railway. It is a most delightful place, and as the odor of the meadows come over it in the summer the owner of a residence in "Dundee" place can congratulate himself.

MIGHT HAVE WORN A CROWN.

An Interesting Sketch of Hon. John Sobieski, Prohibition Candidate.

Col. John Sobieski, the prohibition candidate for governor of Missouri, spent a few hours Monday in Boonville. He is a few years beyond his prime, though yet full of life and youthful vigor. He is of Polish descent. His grandfather was John Sobieski, king of Poland, and his father and all his uncles beheaded, and himself sent, with his mother, into exile, when only three years old. His entire life is a romance. He lived with his mother until he was nine years old, when she died, and the lad having heard of America, shipped aboard an ocean steamer for New York. The captain found him out, became interested in the story of his life, and upon landing at the American metropolis, secured for him a position as bugler at the battery. Young Sobieski had learned to play on this instrument from some Polish soldiers in exile in England. When the late civil war broke out, Sobieski entered the Union army, and came out of the struggle a colonel. He then went to Old Mexico, and through his antipathy for Russia, espoused the cause of Juarez. He was made a brigadier-general and commanded the squad that shot Maximilian. He says that this execution was in no sense political, but was retaliatory. Maximilian had shot every prisoner he had taken during the war, and thus when he in turn was captured by the opposing forces, he was court-martialed and executed in the same manner.—Boonville Advertiser.

A New Double Postal Card.

The Morgan Envelope Co. of Springfield, Mass., has the contract for 24,000,000 double postal cards, a new device that has long been considered by the postoffice department. The card will be 5½x3½ inches and will be folded in the middle, presenting four surfaces. The outside surface is for the address and the inside for the message. At the fold the card is perforated, so the recipient will tear off one half and then answer on the other. During the present month, probably, the new postal cards will be placed on sale at all postoffices. The two designs, one for domestic and the other for the international union service, have been approved by Postmaster General Wanamaker, and the work of printing and distributing the cards will be pushed with vigor.

Read the DEMOCRAT.

DALTON HISTORY.

PROUD THAT THEY CAME FROM KENTUCKY.

Ben Dalton Relates the Story of His Brothers' Crimes—Kin to the Youngers.

Walter B. Stevens, the famous "W. B. S." of the *Globe-Democrat*, has made a trip to Coffeyville, Kas., and has interviewed Ben Dalton, the brother of the dead desperadoes. Dalton spoke with pride of the fact that his family came from Kentucky.

He denied any relationship with the James boys and said that his only kinship with the Younger boys was that his mother and the father of the Youngers were half brother and sister.

The story of the Alila, Cal., robbery was denied, Dalton stating that the boys were not in that part of the country at that time and that their arrest was caused by false swearing of malicious witnesses. Continuing he said:

As late as June, 1890, the three Daltons who became outlaws were in the United States service. The Alila, Cal., robbery occurred February 6, 1891, eight months later, and then followed the series of train robberies in the Indian Territory in quick succession and the culminating tragedy at Coffeyville.

Ben Dalton's story of how the outlawry came about is a strange one. He said false swearing and persecution in the California affair started the boys in the train robbing profession. But they had begun to go wrong in other ways before that. "The government service," said Ben, "was their eternal ruin. They got into bad associations. The United States marshals didn't pay up. The court at Fort Smith owed Bob several hundred dollars, and so did the one at Wichita. He never did receive it. The boys couldn't get their money when they needed it, although they had earned it, and they took ways which were wrong to raise it. That was the beginning of their going astray, and that was the cause of all that followed.

Ben is the oldest of the Daltons. One of the brothers died in infancy. The third is Cole Dalton, now living in Oklahoma. Nothing is charged against him. Then came Frank Dalton, who was killed in government service. Next in line is William Dalton, who settled in California, married and was doing well until the Alila trouble cast a cloud upon him.

After these older brothers came the three—Grat, Bob and Emmett—who led and fell in the Coffeyville raid. These were the outlawed members of the family. All of them were under 30 years. Emmett was just 21, of athletic build, to the saddle born by their Kentucky blood, splendid marksmen, raised on the boarder, it was not strange that one after the other of the boys entered the government service as deputy marshals for the Indian Territory. That was the life that called into play the qualities the Daltons possessed. Frank Dalton entered the service first. He went out with a posse from Fort Smith to help arrest horse thieves. He came back bringing in a wagon the leader of the posse who had been killed by the Cherokee outlaw, Bill Pigeon. For his conduct on that occasion Frank Dalton was made a deputy marshal with full powers. He became one of the best officers of the Fort Smith court. In "riding the district"—that is looking for horse thieves, illicit whisky sellers and other violators of the Indian Territory laws—Frank was accompanied by Bob at that time scarcely more than a boy. One November day Frank Dalton and Bob brought six prisoners into Fort Smith. The second morning after Frank started with another deputy marshal for a woodchopper's camp four miles out of town to get a horse thief named Dave Smith. The two deputies dismounted near the camp and walked in. They were fired upon. In the fight which followed four were killed, including Frank Dalton. The body of the deputy was shown all possible honor. It was embalmed and sent to the sorrowing mother, who was then living in the Cherokee Nation. Very different was the unceremonious burial of the two Daltons who died in the alley of Coffeyville last week. It was the difference of a good cause and a bad cause.

After Frank fell in trying to execute the law, Bob stepped into the official shoes, and for several years he filled them worthily. First Grat and then Emmett joined Bob in this federal service. Gratton Dalton, after being trained by Bob, was attached to the Wichita district. After some time Bob and

Emmett were "riding" the Fort Smith district. Emmett was three or four years under age. The others were not 25. They were too young, Ben Dalton says, for such service. Recklessness, rather than depravity, led to official crookedness. The deputy marshals are dependent on the United States marshals for their pay. The latter draw compensation through fees, which must be allowed by courts and passed upon at Washington. Sometimes accounts are months behind. Unless the marshals have credit or capital the deputies must wait for their pay. These Dalton boys, with hundreds of dollars owing them, found themselves short. They had arrested some men who had smuggled whisky into the territory. These prisoners offered money for freedom. The arrests had not been reported. The boys took the money and turned the prisoners loose. This was the beginning. Worse offenders were treated in the same way for larger consideration. Such doings could not go on long without discovery. Information reached superior officers. Complaints were filed in court. The boys gave themselves up, agreed to stand trial and were let out on bond. But after getting out they concluded that conviction was certain. They repudiated their bonds and took to the brush, in defiance of the government. This was two years and three months ago. Horse stealing was the next step. The operations were characterized by that boldness which made the Coffeyville plan feasible in their minds. A bunch of ponies and a team of mules were run out of the Osage Nation, where Bob Dalton had for a time been chief of police. The stock was taken all of the way to Kansas City and sold. Then thirty head of horses were gathered up from various owners, driven out of the territory and sold at Columbus, Kan. The boys took a check in payment, endorsed it with their own names and cashed it. By a curious coincidence the horses, the former owners of them and the Dalton boys arrived in the vicinity of Baxter Springs on the same day. There was a hurried unraveling of the plot. Bob and Emmett Dalton had just time to transfer their saddles to fresh horses when the angry crowd started for them. Then ensued a great man hunt. Down through the territory the outlaws fled, hard followed. The Daltons left the roads and went through pasture after pasture, jumping off their horses and snapping with nippers the wire fences as often as they came to them. Emmett's horse gave out and he forced an exchange with the first farmer he met, but the pursuit was so hard that there was no time to saddle. Emmett went on bareback until he met another man on horseback. He offered him twice what his saddle was worth, transferred it, and told him a party of friends would be along in a few minutes to pay for it. The chase lasted all day, and the Daltons escaped. That was the last seen of Bob and Emmett in the Indian Territory for many a day. Grat Dalton was arrested for supposed complicity in the horse stealing and locked up. He was a prisoner a couple of months, and was then turned loose because there was no evidence against him. He, too, disappeared. This is the story of the Daltons up to the time that they were first accused, justly or falsely, of train robbery.

Bob and Emmett left California when they found that their brother's plea before the Grand Jury could not save them from indictment. Grat made no effort to get away. He was arrested as accessory. Then came the Lillietta train robbery on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway. Whatever the truth about the Alila affair there is no doubt the Dalton boys, Bob and Emmett, were at Lillietta. Emmett Dalton, since his capture at Coffeyville, has admitted these later train robberies. It is said that the Lillietta robbery was undertaken to raise money for the benefit of Grat, who was still in jail in California. Soon after Lillietta the door of the jail where Grat was confined, opened one night and Grat walked out. He returned to the Indian territory, joined Bob and Emmett. The train robberies of Red Rock, Wharton and Adair followed. It was the avowed purpose of the boys to make a large stake and leave the country. They intended to settle in South America. They expected the raid on Coffeyville to be their last and it was.

Again Changed Hands.

The *Sentinel*, the former property of Ed. Crawford, has changed hands during the past summer as frequently as autumn leaves change color. C. C. Hahn, who purchased it from Rev. Kelley, turned the property over to its owner, Justice Milo Blair, last Saturday. W. W. Walling and J. W. Wooldridge have leased the plant from Mr. Blair and will continue the paper.

Read the DEMOCRAT.

STEEL AND BULLETS.

THE CAR FLOORS COVERED WITH BLOOD IN THE FIGHT.

The Encounter Between Negroes Near Boonville Was a Desperate One—A Frightened Porter.

A DEMOCRAT reporter had a talk this morning with an eye witness to the shooting and cutting affray which took place yesterday in the north bound M., K. & T. passenger train about three miles this side of Boonville.

No one was aware that any trouble was going on until Harris had stabbed Wheeton repeatedly. The negroes were engaged in a game of craps over which the row had commenced. Harris and Wheeton first began the fight when Searcy, a regular giant in size and strength, took sides and commenced shooting Harris through the abdomen. Harris tried to escape and ran back into a passenger coach, falling in the aisle with his head resting on the seat when about midway the car. The smoking car looked like a slaughter house, the floor being covered with blood.

All remained on the train until it reached Boonville. Searcy had been advised to give himself up to the officers, and seemed inclined to do so, but before the officers had found him, and just as the train started to cross the bridge he made a break to reach the cars, and a lively fusillade ensued between him and the officers, who had soon spotted him. There were about twelve shots fired, but no one was struck. Sheriff Hornbeck lodged him in jail.

There were twelve negroes in the crowd and they were returning to Moberly from the Indian territory where they had been working in the railway section service. A negro named Jas. Cornelius, who was also in the fight, was not arrested until the train reached Moberly. Harris died at Boonville this morning. Wheeton, who was stabbed near the heart, is not expected to live.

A porter on the train was almost scared out of his wits and the boys are having lots of fun at his expense. Searcy started to follow Harris into the coach and complete his work, when the porter saw him coming and started to lock the door. He laid down on the floor and tried to reach the lock, but failing in this fled ignominiously behind a seat.

It is told on one of the baggage-men that the boys had to tie him in the car with a rope.

KNOCKED HIM SILLY.

The Religious Town of Nevada Affords A Prize Fight—Not Much Fight.

The Nevada sports had a prize fight Saturday night, putting a negro and a white man together. The *Mail* gives the following graphic account by rounds:

First round: Negro knocked down.

Second round: Negro knocked down.

Third round: Negro knocked down.

Fourth round: Negro knocked down.

There is no telling how long this monotonous procedure would have continued, only the Senegambian gentleman lay where he fell on the fourth knock down, and the white man was declared the victor. It may be added upon the authority of more than one eye witness that the white man litterly knocked the wind out of the darkey at least six times, though he struck him but four times.

The Literature of the Future.

Pierre Loti in October Forum.

I have been successively informed that the literature of the future is to be confined to psychology, to symbolism, to mysticism, to the new naturalism, as well as to scientificism, to magnetism, and even to instrumentalism. I doubtless pass over some of those that consist only of groups in ism, baptized with the names of such and such a writer of more or less notoriety.

New poets will keep coming, who will eternally sing for their brother man the song of their souls, their joys and their fears in the presence of life and death, in the presence of love, in the presence of the enigma of the world. And however old the song may seem, it will nevertheless be new each time, as smiles and tears are always new, though they are eternal. Ah, well, to-morrow the good writers will have their triumphs, just as they have unquestionably done in the past.

Old papers for sale at this office only 10 cents per hundred.

BARK FIRED ON.

A Chilean Vessel in Trouble at Port Townsend.

CELEBRATED POISONER ON TRIAL.

Thomas Neill, Alias Cream, Facing a Jury in the Old Bailey—Nothing Known at Washington About Gilbert Islands.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Oct. 18.—The Chilean bark Augusta was fired upon late Monday night in the straits four miles below here by the United States cutter Oliver Wolcott. The Augusta attempted to leave without customs house clearance.

The trouble was occasioned by jealousy between Chilean Consul MacCoudray and Chilean Vice Consul Delion at Tacoma as to which should transact the business of the Chilean government at Puget sound. The Augusta arrived here several weeks ago from Chili. She surrendered her registry to MacCoudray and proceeded to Tacoma to unload her cargo. Vice Consul Delion advised the captain to demand the register and if refused to proceed with a temporary register provided by Delion. MacCoudray instructed the vessel to clear from Port Townsend. As the vessel was going out to sea she was overtaken by the Wolcott but would not leave until fired upon. The vessel is subject to a fine of \$500.

THE TRIAL OF NEILL.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—The trial of Thomas Neill on charges of willful murder in what are known as the Lambeth poisoning cases, opened before Justice Hawkins this morning in the Old Bailey. The case excites the most intense interest and the court room was crowded. Neill was charged in the indictment with having murdered Matilda Clover, Allen Denworth, Alice Marsh and Emma Shrivell, attempting to poison Louisa Harvey or Harris, and attempting to blackmail Dr. Broadbent and Dr. Harper. He pleaded "not guilty."

Sir Charles Russell began his speech for the prosecution at 1:30 and did not conclude until 3:45. He recited at length all the facts relative to the murders. Sir Charles wished to emphasize the fact that Neill asked his landlady's daughter to ascertain if the Clover girl had died from the effects of poison at a time when no one suspected she had been poisoned. Neill had also charged Dr. Broadbent with poisoning the girl with strychnine when nobody except the murderer knew that strychnine had been employed to kill her.

GILBERT ISLAND FACTS.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The San Francisco dispatch reciting the troubles experienced by American merchants on the Gilbert islands was shown to Secretary J. W. Foster. The United States has a commercial agent on the islands, but up to the present time he has made no representations of this kind to the department of state.

The secretary says that early in the present year the department received a communication from King Turelmoa, of the Gilbert islands, praying that the United States establish a protectorate over the islands. The department did not act upon the application for the reason it has been the established policy of the United States to decline to extend its territory by such means. Such are the facts of the matter as officially stated at the department.

COUNTY SEAT FIGHT.

Eminence and Ravanna Both Aspire to Be the Capital of Garfield.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 18.—The old county seat fight in Garfield county between the rival towns of Ravanna and Eminence has been renewed after a suspension of hostilities for a few months.

Garfield county was organized about five years ago. The county seat was first located at Ravanna and was there about three years. Two years ago it was removed to Eminence, where it now is. The citizens of Ravanna have in the meantime built a \$10,000 court house and now want the county seat moved to the court house. The Eminence people object to this, however.

There are only about 175 voters in Garfield county and a majority of them have agreed that a special county seat election shall be called to decide this matter immediately after the November election.

Strike in Mexico.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 18.—Advices have been received here that the Mexican Central railway is threatened to be tied up with a strike. The trouble began three days ago when the American machinists employed in the shops of the City of Mexico went out on a strike. They demanded an increase of 60 cents per day in wages. They were then receiving \$4 per day. The railroad company refused to accede to the demands and the dissatisfaction spread to the shops at San Luis Potosi and the machinists there have also walked out.

Bankers Will Not Postpone.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 18.—The attempt made to have the convention of the Kansas State Bankers' association postponed for thirty days, on account of the world's fair dedicatory exercises at Chicago, was a fruitless one. The convention will hold its session in Topeka Wednesday, but the attendance will be smaller than was anticipated on account of the conflicting dates with the Columbian dedicatory exercises, which will be witnessed by many Kansas people.

Absorbed by the Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 18.—It is rumored among the railroad officers that a big deal has just been consummated in which the Pennsylvania Southwestern system, embracing the Panhandle and Vandalia lines, had absorbed the Terre Haute & Peoria road and its branches. This purchase, it is said, has been contemplated for a year past and it is thought the visit of President Roberts and the Pennsylvania officials hastened the closing of the deal.

Executors' Sale of Standard-Bred Trotting Stock.

A grand opportunity for the young breeders of Missouri to procure some magnificently bred stallions, brood mares, colts and fillies.

In order to wind up the estate of R. Gentry & Son, deceased, late of Danville, Ky., the undersigned executors will sell during the Breeder's meeting at

SEDALIA, MISSOURI, BEGINNING OCTOBER 24,

The Entire Stud of Trotting Stock Belonging to the Estate, INCLUDING the STALLION, GAMBETTA, 1172,

THE sire of Cleo, the first two-year-old to beat 2:30 over a half mile track, three-year-old record 2:24 1/4, and four-year-old race record 2:19 1/2, also sire of Volmer 2:24 1/4, Idol 2:27 1/2, and others, and sire of the dam of Trevilian, the great three-year-old that early in the season made a race record of 2:18.

GAMBETTA 1172 is by Volunteer (a son of Hambletonian 10), and out of the famous Nell, also by Hambletonian—a double Hambletonian, a strain which has produced nearly all of the sensational trotters of the day. Rysdyk's Hambletonian, the sire of both the sire and dam of Gambetta 1172, is the grandsire of over eleven hundred trotters with records from 2:05 1-4 to 2:30, including such noted performers as Nancy Hanks, Sunol, Maud S., Palo Alto, Arion, Director (the sire of Direct), and many others. Nell, the dam of Gambetta 1172, also produced Bateman 2:22, and Florence, the grand-dam of Epaulette 2:19 and Burglar 2:24 1-4.

THERE are also Magnificently Bred Young Stallions and Fillies, by Gambetta 1172, and other sires, and out of mares by such wellknown stallions as Messenger Chief, Mambrino Startle, Danville Wilkes, Strathmore, Banker, Administrator, Bonner Boy, Bowman's Clark Chief, etc., etc.

THE Brood Mares to be Sold are Fine Individuals, some of them producers and of 2:30 performers, and most of them out of producers. In fact, every animal to be sold, with one or two exceptions, is either out of a producer, or has a producing grand-dam. For catalogues, giving breeding in full, terms, etc., address, R. GENTRY, Danville, Ky., until October 1st, after that at Sedalia, Mo., or address JOHN R. GENTRY, Hughesville, Mo.

JOHN W. PROCTOR,
W. G. PROCTOR, Admrs.

LEAVING THE PARTY.

Negro Republicans Tired of Insults and Discriminations.

From the Kansas City Mail.

I. H. Bradbury, a colored politician and vice president of the republican league, has resigned his position and says he will vote the democratic ticket, on account of repeated republican snubs and insults to the colored people generally. He gives his reason in the following letter:

Hon. James H. Harkless, Kansas City, Mo.

Dear Sir:—I desire to offer my resignation as vice president of the republican league. At a recent meeting of the league I was appointed with you and Dr. Cutler to select a secretary, but you and the doctor have met and selected a secretary without consulting me. If this was the first insult that you and your committee had offered me I would over look it, but while a settlement of the affair of Mr. Isaacs was in progress you ordered me to leave the committee until you white men were through transacting business.

The state and county committees have treated the colored people of this community so shamefully that I have become disgusted. The state, central and county committees have over forty men employed, or have had, in polling this city and they are all white. I have appeared before the gentlemen in authority and protested, but was given to understand that no negro need apply.

If Major Warner and your ticket is to be elected with such discrimination, all right. They will be without my vote. Respectfully Yours, I. H. BRADBURY.

ALL WIND.

The Story of the Attack on Coffeyville by Dalton Sympathizers a Myth.

From the Parsons Sun.

An unusual degree of excitement was created in the city yesterday over a dispatch received in the city from Coffeyville stating that an armed posse were moving upon that town to avenge the death of the Dalton gang, and within an hour over a hundred men with rifles were ready to take the train for Coffeyville to assist in defending the town, but another telegram was received stating that their presence was not needed, but that a few rifles would answer the purpose, as the town was short of guns. Since the death of the Daltons many threatening letters have been received by the people of Coffeyville from sympathizers of the gang, in which they swear that they will avenge the death of their comrades, and yesterday some farmers came to town bringing with them the unwelcome intelligence that a large posse of men had organized and were moving upon the town with the purpose of committing some terrible depredations. This news was soon spread and within a very short time the whole city was alive with armed men ready for the fray. It appears that this story of an invasion was solely started for the purpose of seeing what effect it would have upon the people, and from the best information that can be gathered the whole thing is a myth.

Bank for the Confederacy.

"The Georgia Central Railway is one of the most valuable pieces of railway property in the world," said an old Georgian at the Southern, to a Chronicle reporter. "It has paid 400 per cent dividends to its shareholders during its existence, and at the close of the war its notes were the only good money in the hands of the people. But for them thou-

sands would have starved for want of money to buy food with.

"The company had a right under its charter to do a banking business and early in the war it issued fractional notes to take the place of change, just as big corporations and individuals did up North. The notes of the railway were good in any part of the Confederacy. Our people were afraid to fall into the hands of the Union Army with Confederate Treasury notes in their pockets. Farmers inside the Union lines readily sold the Confederates food in exchange for railway notes, while they refused Confederate money.

"The railway credit was so good that the Confederate Government asked it to issue \$25,000,000 in small bills and loan them to the Confederacy to buy food for the army. The company refused and was roundly denounced by the people for want of patriotism, but the wisdom of the company was recognized when the Confederacy was falling to pieces and the people found that its notes were good as greenback. The company redeemed all of the fractional notes presented for redemption in greenbacks but about half of its small notes or fractional bills were never presented. They were perhaps destroyed or worn out in the hands of the people."

PASSED TO HIS REST.

Chas. W. Fristoe, A prominent Citizen of Pettis County, Dies This Morning.

Chas. W. Fristoe, one of Pettis county's most substantial and well known citizens, died at his home, corner of Sixth and Vermont, of softening of the brain at 3 o'clock this morning.

The deceased was born in Pettis county May 5th, 1833, and leaves a wife and six children, all of the latter being grown. The boys are William, Amos, Charles, James and Abner, the two latter being single. The daughter is Mrs. John McCurdy, of Lamonte.

Mr. Fristoe was a highly respected and honored man. He was the possessor of a fine farm 10 miles north of Sedalia and his pocket book as well as heart was always open for the unfortunate. He was a member of the Christian church and died in the hope of his soul's immortality and the knowledge that to the good and pure in heart can come no evil, whether it be in this transient dream called life, or in that great beyond whose glory no mortal eye has ever seen.

The Empress of Germany.

The empress of Germany, who gave birth recently to her seventh child, is one of the youngest looking women of her age in Germany. Her color is excellent and her cheeks are as rosy as those of a peasant girl. Although not strictly beautiful she is a large, fine looking woman, with an expressive face, large blue eyes, a straight nose and an extremely winsome smile. In the ordinary sense of the term she does not look aristocratic or majestic, but she is an ideal example of the German woman and mother. Her majesty is now about 33 years old.

He Scooped Them.

Louis Bolton, the well known horseman, is a gentleman who always stands up and hurrahs for Sedalia and Pettis county, and at present he is feeling particularly good. He has been making a tour of different Missouri fairs, and has the proud distinction of taking first money 231 times in 273 shows. If this record can be beaten, we would like to see the man.

THE WORLD BEATER.

The Performance of John R. at Mexico, Mo.—Big Excitement.

From the Mexico Ledger.

The world's three-year-old pacing record was reduced Wednesday from 2:14 to 2:13 1/2 by "John R. Gentry" in the Missouri Breeders stake pace. There were five entries and only two starters—the above bay stallion and Wilkomont. It was in the second heat that this remarkable pacing event was witnessed and when it was announced from the judges' stand the wildest enthusiasm was demonstrated and the driver, Jim Ramey, was paraded around through the crowd and lionized by scores of admirers. The surprising work was not surprising to the managers and owner of the animal—John R. Gentry, Hughesville, Mo., for they actually assert that before they leave Mexico's kite-shape track they expect to push this world's record beater around the ring in 2:10. This kind of pacing should call the people to the fair grounds. The pacing record for a three-year-old was until two weeks ago held by Manager, 2:14 1/4, which was made in Kentucky sometime since; but two weeks ago this very same "Gentry" snatched it from him in a pace at Wichita, Kas., by doing a mile in 2:14. Yesterday he broke two records—the world's and his own—and then at the half mile mark, when his feet were buzzing around the track at a 2-11 1/2 gate and a strong gale fighting him in the face, he broke and lost at least, it is estimated, 2 1/2 seconds. At the quarter he registered 32 1/2, at the half, where he went to pieces, he registered 107 and when he flew at the 3/4 spot he landed as the watch was ticking the 1:40 1/2 tick. With this swiftness he passed under the wire amidst tremendous cheers and vociferous yelling.

DECLARED OFF.

There Will be no Races at Louisiana, Mo.—They Conflict With Sedalia.

The fact that Louisiana, Mo., advertised a race meeting to take place at the same time of Sedalia's great event, was regretted, though under any circumstances Sedalia would have had the best of it.

Their entries were to have closed last Tuesday and would perhaps have listed a number of horses that would have come to Sedalia. Secretary A. L. Burr telegraphed to Mexico, Mo. yesterday and asked if the entries had been closed. He was pleased to learn that the meeting had been declared off, a number of the horsemen disliking the conditions and rules which were to govern the races.

This leaves Sedalia without competition that week—a week that is sure to make a great page in the racing history of the world. New horses are arriving every day. The entry books will be closed Monday, October 15th.

The advertising matter for the races is first class and artistic in every particular and is being put where it will do the most good.

Sedalia is a Good Town.

A good many of our citizens have a vast amount of business in Sedalia of late.—Lamonte Record.

The business men of Sedalia offer such inducements that our neighboring towns always take advantage of them.

A Masterful Speech.

The Democrat-News, in speaking of the recent rally at Arrow Rock in that county says of one of Sedalia's citizens:

"Hon Chas. E. Yeater, candidate for the state senate, was next intro-

duced and he made a truly masterful and masterful speech in behalf of the democratic party and against all other opposition. His handling of the issues in the state campaign was perhaps the best yet heard this year in Saline county and his climaxes were greeted with rounds of applause."

GOT FIFTEEN YEARS.

Wm. Davis, the Fort Scott Highwayman, Goes to the Pen—Arrested in Sedalia.

Chief of Police John De Long is in receipt of a letter from the sheriff at Fort Scott, stating that Wm. Davis, the negro arrested in Sedalia on September 30th, and held for the Fort Scott officers, had been tried and sent to the penitentiary for fifteen years.

Davis was arrested for some common offense in Sedalia and sent to the calaboose for ten days. Marshal DeLong thought that all was not right and worked up his history with the result that the authorities at Fort Scott informed him that Davis was wanted there for robbing a lunch counter at 4 o'clock on the morning of September 28th. A peculiar key which was thrown into the sack by the proprietor of the stand, was the thread by which the case was worked up.

Marshal DeLong deserves great credit for the way in which he handled the case, and its owing solely to his ability that Davis was brought to justice.

SCARING THE NEGROES.

Rev. Andrew Jones Predicts an Awful Fate for Chicago and Its Citizens.

Rev. Andrew Jones, a stalwart-looking colored preacher, is drawing crowded audiences of colored people to the African Methodist Episcopal church in Chicago by a series of startling prophecies. He predicts chiefly a terrible disaster to Chicago, involving the crumbling of tall buildings and the floating away of numberless people in a sanguinary flood. In an interview he claimed to have been arrested in Pittsburg as crazy when three months in advance he foreshadowed the Johnstown calamity.

A PARSON ONCE MORE.

A Successful Race Horse Man Renounces the Turf for the Pulpit.

DETROIT, MICH., Oct. 15.—Rev. J. W. Arney, who won \$5,000 in racing premiums this season, has sold the last horses in his string of trotters, except a 2:20 roadster, and has gone back to preaching. A church in one of Minneapolis' suburbs has given him a call and he is now there. The salary is \$1,000, but the racing parson says he believes he likes the pulpit better than the sulky. The Michigan Methodist conferences did not assign him work, not being able to reconcile his horse proclivities with the ritual.

Cash! Cash! Cash!

We can do you good. Do you want "The World's Best," Garland cook stoves, Majestic steel ranges, Buckeye force pumps, guns and ammunition, barb wire, washing machines or anything in the hardware line? then come to HEADQUARTERS.

Hgenfritz Hardware Co., 216 Ohio St.

Death of Mrs. Welch.

Mrs. Maggie Welch, living 8 miles north of Sedalia, died yesterday at 12 o'clock and was buried this afternoon at Hopewell cemetery. She was 25 years of age.

INDIANA ALL RIGHT.

Governor Francis Tells of the Situation in That State.

Governor Francis returned at noon yesterday from Indiana, says a Jefferson City special to the Kansas City Times, where he has been making speeches for the democratic party at the request of the national democratic committee and of the Indiana state committee. He spoke at Peru, Seymour and Campbellsburg. Peru is in northern Indiana, Campbellsburg and Seymour in the southern part of the state. When asked what he thought of the situation in Indiana the governor replied:

"In my opinion the electoral vote of Indiana will surely be cast for Mr. Cleveland. There is great apathy on the part of the republicans and not so much enthusiasm among democrats as is customary in Indiana when a presidential election is so imminent. Attendance at meetings is very large, however, and the people listen with attention and interest. The Peru meeting was a large barbecue and the crowd was estimated at from 40,000 to 60,000 people. Governor Gray was with me at Peru and at Campbellsburg and I give it as his opinion that the democrats will certainly carry the state. The inactivity of the republicans is looked upon with some suspicion.

"If money would carry Indiana for the party of protection the favored few would surely advance the money for that purpose; but the Australian ballot law minimizes, if it does not remove, the opportunity for bribery. Republican orators are making vain effort in some sections of the state to frighten the people by prophecies that democratic success means the return of "wildcat" money and general financial disaster. I do not think the deception will prove effective, however, and feel confident that Mr. Harrison's own state will turn him down."

The governor spoke at Olean, Miller county, last night, about thirty miles west of Jefferson City. The crowd was large and enthusiastic, numbering about 3,000 or more. Governor Francis left this afternoon for Macon, where he will meet Governor Boies to-morrow and accompany him to Cameron on the 18th and go thence to Chicago to attend the dedicatory ceremonies at the World's Fair.

Took Morphine.

Another attempted suicide occurred down on Main street last night—down there among the outcast women who in growing vile have forgotten that they were ever pure and that the qualities of mercy are for them, even yet.

Bertha Watson, at No. 116 East Main street, took ten grains of morphine after having a quarrel with her lover and it was only after hard work on the part of several physicians that she did not die. She is now said to be out of danger.

Died.

Samuel Hall, proprietor of the Lamonte house, died Sunday night at his home in Lamonte of typhoid fever. Mr. Hall was a man 50 years of age and moved to Lamonte from Indiana about eight months ago and took charge of the only hotel in the city.

Mother.

At the insane asylum at Blackwell's Island it is said that when the insane are first committed they are visited by family and friends. The friends drop off, but father, mother, sisters and brothers return week after week, month after

month. Then the brothers appear no more. At length the father leaves to the mother and sisters the duty of looking after the afflicted son or daughter. The girls marry and the husband and the babies claim their time. Then the day comes when the mother alone is seen. Year in and year out, un-mindful of the weather, unheeding of the season, comes the mother. When she comes no more they know at the asylum that she is dead.

LIKE A LORD.

What It Costs to Travel in Private Cars—Still It Takes Money.

One does not have to own a private car; they may be had for hire, servants, conductor, commissary and all. Do you want a whole train for a party of friends? You can get it—for \$210 per day—four sleeping cars, a dining car and a buffet smoker. For \$40 a day more you can add an observation car to your train, and in the buffet smoker you will find a barber shop, bathroom, library, writing materials, and the daily papers all along your route. You will have to pay the railroad companies over which your train rolls east of the Mississippi river a minimum of 18 first-class unlimited fares in addition to the amounts given above. You must keep your train at least three days. This includes all your meals, excellently cooked and daintily served, so that the expenses of a three days' journey for 18 people on a hotel train would be \$630 plus regular railroad fare. If this is "too rich for your blood," be moderate and hire a single car; you can get it for \$50 per day plus 18 first-class fares east of the Mississippi river and 15 first-class fares west of the Mississippi. If you take more than 18 people with you you must pay their fare also. Your car will have 17 beds, a dining room 12 feet long, kitchen, bathroom, china and storage closets; three servants, waiter and porter; and if you stay out more than 10 days the rental will only cost you \$45 per day. You may sidetrack your car wherever you like, and make it your home for as long a time as you like.

If you choose you may provide your own servants, linen, tableware, wines and commissariat, or the car company will furnish the commissariat and charge you an advance of 15 per cent. on cost. But if you contemplate taking a trip of this kind put up your money and let the company provide everything. You will enjoy the trip better. If you have money enough to pay the company's charges let them look after you. If you haven't—why then stay at home and "blow in" your cash at something else. Pullman and Wagner can give you points on how to run private cars. Don't try to compete with them if you want to enjoy life on the road.

If the \$50-a-day car is still too steep for your purse you may have an ordinary sleeping car with buffet for \$45 per day, or a dining and observation car combined for \$40, or a hunting car with kennels, racks for guns and fishing tackle for \$35 per day. In all of these cases, however, the railroad company will collect 18 or 15 first-class fares, and you must keep the car for at least three days.

If you want to spend your money this fall where it will go the farthest and do you the most good, go to the Sedalia Woolen Mill store and invest in some of their Home Made Blankets, Flannel, Yarn, Cassimere, Tulle-cloth, Linsey,

We lead, others follow.—The DEMOCRAT.

